

VI Chip® Remote-Sense PRM™ Evaluation Board

(For use with PCB part numbers 39537 and 38693)

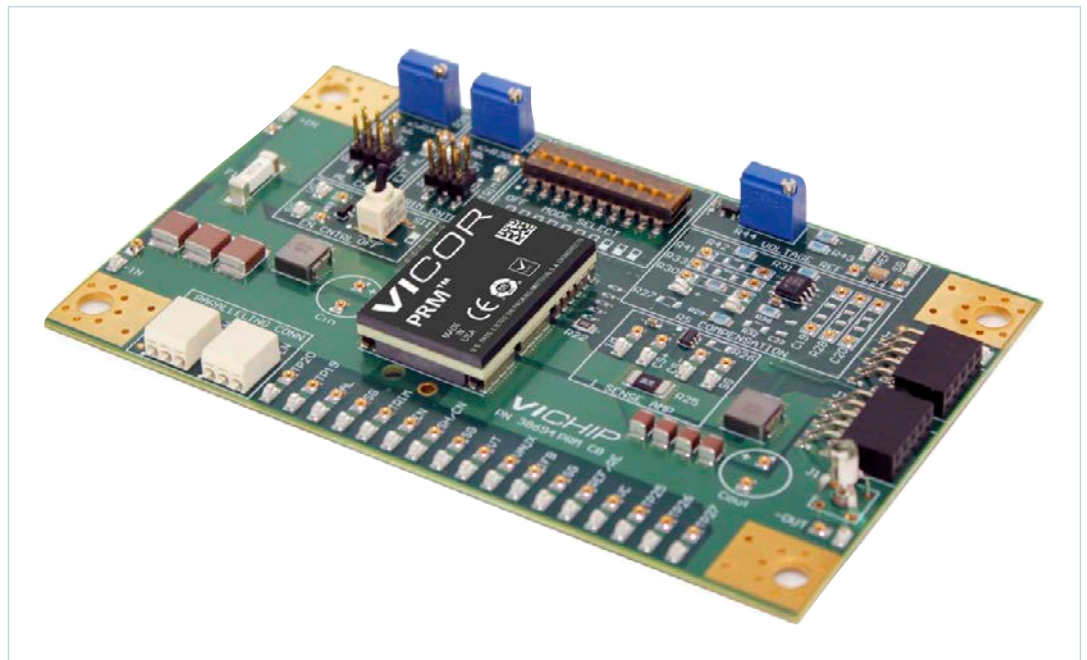
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Introduction

The remote-sense PRM evaluation boards described in this document are designed to use with the PRM family of PRM regulators and demonstrate the benefits of the Factorized Power Architecture™. These evaluation boards are not designed for installation in end-user equipment. The system demonstrates the use of a PRM (the pre-regulator module) and a VTM™ (the current multiplier or the voltage-transformation module) for general laboratory evaluation only.



IMPORTANT NOTICE:

Be sure to read this design guide manual thoroughly before using this product. Pay attention to all cautions and warnings.

This user guide is not comprehensive and is not substitute for common sense and good practice. For example:

- When testing electronic product always use approved safety glasses.
- Provide a strain relief for wires and place the system on the bench in such a way as to prevent accidental displacement from bench top.
- Remove the power and use caution when connecting and disconnecting test probes and interface lines to avoid unintentional short circuits and contact with hot surfaces.
- Never use a jumper in place of the fuse. Replace the fuse only with its equivalent type and rating.
- Never attempt to disconnect the evaluation board from a VTM evaluation board while power is applied. This system is not designed to demonstrate the hot-plug capability.

The remote-sense PRM™ evaluation board can be used to demonstrate a standalone buck-boost regulator or in conjunction with a VTM™ evaluation board to enable evaluation of a Factorized Power Architecture™ (FPA™) system. There are many combinations possible using PRM and VTM evaluation boards, but the focus in this user guide is using one PRM evaluation board and one VTM evaluation board, with a brief overview of how to parallel boards.

In remote-sense operation the internal regulation circuitry is disabled and an external control loop and current sensor maintain regulation. This affords flexibility in the design of both voltage and current compensation loops to optimize performance in the end application. The remote-sense PRM module evaluation board can be used to configure the PRM in local-sense mode or in non-isolated remote-sense mode depending on the application.

Table 1
Evaluation board numbers
and their ratings

Remote-Sense PRM Part Number (PS10)	Evaluation Board Number	Description	Input Voltage (V)	Output Voltage (V)	Output Power (W)
PRM48BF480T600A00	PRD48BF480T600A00	Full-Chip Remote-Sense PRM Evaluation Board	38 – 55	5 – 55	600
PRM48BF480T400B00	PRD48BF480T400B00	Full-Chip Remote-Sense PRM Evaluation Board	38 – 55	5 – 55	400
PRM48BH480T200B00	PRD48BH480T200B00	Half-Chip Remote-Sense PRM Evaluation Board	38 – 55	5 – 55	200

Refer to the specific PRM data sheet for detail ratings of the device. It is important to remain within the device limits when testing.

These boards make it convenient to evaluate the performance of Vicor PRM products. All evaluation boards include sockets to allow easy "plug and play" insertion and removal of through-hole components and wires while providing Kelvin voltage measurements test points of all pins of the PRM. Evaluation boards are designed to simplify testing of the product by providing test points and sockets for easy connection to standard test equipment, lugs for input/output connections, connectors to allow easy insertion and removal of the PRM evaluation board and VTM evaluation board.

Please note that not all evaluation board part numbers have been listed here. Full-chip and half-chip PRMs of different output power level may be using common full-chip and half-chip evaluation boards. Design-specific components have been arranged in table 6 based on PRM output power level. It is recommended that the user should, first, find out which PRM part number is mounted on evaluation board. Second, please refer to appropriate data sheet for pin functions of PRM and modes of operation. Third, follow the appropriate section of the user guide to use the PRM evaluation board in specific modes of operation.

Considerations for Remote-Sense-Only PRM™

This board is designed to accommodate different types of PRMs. Therefore, certain circuitry on the board is not populated and there are additional considerations for using remote-sense-only PRMs.

The remote-sense PRM evaluation board does not operate in default switch S10 setting which has all switches in the OFF position. Switch at position 1 must remain in the OFF position. Putting switch at position 1 in the ON position could short the TM pin which would cause damage. Switch at position 6 must remain in the OFF position as well. Please see appropriate section for switch setting and mode of operation.

The silkscreen may not match the pin names for remote-sense PRM. Following table maps pin names of the remote-sense PRM to silkscreen and standard PRM.

Table 2

Remote-Sense PRM	PRM	Silkscreen on the Board
PR	SHARE/CONTROL NODE	SH/CN
PC	ENABLE	EN
TM	TRIM	TRIM
NC	NC	TP20
NC	NC	TP19
NC	AL	AL
VC	VC	VC
RE	REF/REF_EN	RE
SG	SGND	SG
IF	IFB	IFB
VS	VAUX	VAUX
NC	VT	VT

Contents

All remote-sense PRM evaluation boards arrive with the following contents.
(The user guide can be downloaded from www.vicorpower.com)

- 1 x remote-sense PRM evaluation board
- 1 x VI Chip® push pin heat sink
- 2 x VI Chip push pins for heat sink installation
- 2 x VI Chip push pin heat sink grounding clips
- 1 x hardware kit
- 1 x through-hole aluminum-electrolytic input capacitor (CIN)
- 1 x through-hole resistor for default compensation (R28)
- 1 x through-hole capacitor for default compensation (C20)
- 2 x jumpers

Features

1. Input and output lugs for source and load connections.
2. Input fuse (appropriately rated).
3. Input filtering and sockets to place through-hole input aluminum-electrolytic capacitor for source decoupling.
4. Output filtering and sockets to place through-hole output aluminum-electrolytic capacitor.
5. Switch for enabling and disabling the PRM™ through the ENABLE pin.
6. Open drain MOSFET for enabling and disabling the PRM using external source.
7. Mode selection switch for remote-sense PRM configurations.
8. Trim control selection. (Not applied)
9. Adaptive-loop control selection. (Not applied)
10. Output current sensing for output current measurement and current feedback in remote-sense operation.
11. Sockets and circuits to optimize the external control circuits in remote-sense operation.
12. Voltage reference to trim pot for adjusting output voltage set point in remote-sense operation.
13. Dual-output connectors for transferring the power and signal connections to downstream VTM™ evaluation board.
14. Oscilloscope probe jack for making accurate output voltage measurements.
15. Dual paralleling connectors for PC, PR and SG signal connections to other PRM evaluation board.
16. Kelvin voltage test points and sockets for all pins of PRM.
17. Test points for current sensing and AC signal injection (RS mode).
18. Provision for installing the heat sink.

Board Description

The following section provides a detailed description of the evaluation board components, test points and sockets.

Figure 1
Board description

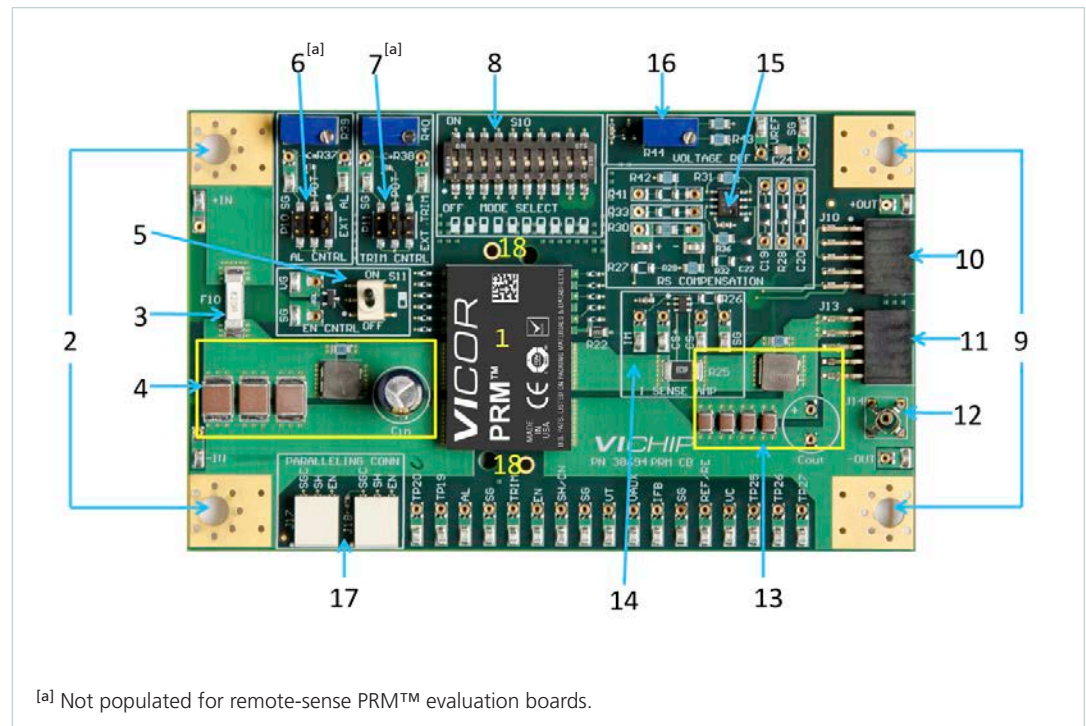
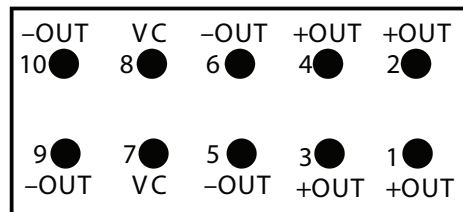
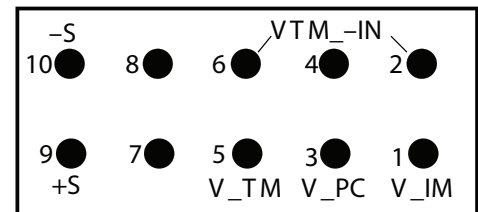


Figure 2
Power/signal connectors pinout
(front view)



J13
Power/Signal Connector



J10
Signal Connector

General Components

1. **Remote-sense PRM™ (PS10).**
2. **Input lugs:** Sized for #10 hardware. Use these for making connection to the input source. This board does not contain reverse polarity protection. Check for proper polarity before applying the power.
3. **Input fuse (F10):** Appropriately rated.
4. **Input filtering:** Input capacitor (CIN) and filtering (inductor and ceramic capacitors) allows for stable operation with most input sources. Sockets can be used for easy installation of aluminum-electrolytic input capacitor. It is recommended to place the 22μF, 100V input electrolytic capacitor in the sockets at the input of the PRM.
5. **Enable/Disable switch (S11) and FET switch:** When actuator is in top position towards "ON" text on the board, the ENABLE pin will be open and PRM device will be enabled. When actuator is in bottom position towards "OFF" text on the board, the ENABLE pin will be connected to SGND and PRM device will be disabled. When switch S11 is ON, open drain FET can be selected to control the ENABLE pin using external source.
6. **Header-jumper for Adaptive-Loop control (P10):** Provides the option to select and enable Adaptive-Loop control.
Note: Not populated for remote-sense PRM evaluation boards.
7. **Header-jumper for trim control (P11):** Provides the option to select and enable the trim control.
Note: Not populated for remote-sense PRM evaluation boards.
8. **Operating Mode selection switch (S10):** For selecting one of the following operating modes:
 - a. Slave Operation (used in PRM paralleling)
 - b. Remote sense: Local sensing (single ended)
 - c. Remote sense: Non-isolated remote sensing (differential)
9. **Output lugs:** Sized for #10 hardware. Use these lugs to connect the output directly to the load.

General Components (Cont.)

10. **Signal connector (J10):** Used to transfer VTM PC, IM, TM, –IN and Output Sense signals between the PRM™ and VTM™ boards. TM pin of VTM provides feedback to VT pin of PRM to enable temperature compensation in adaptive-loop operation of PRM and VTM.
11. **Power/Signal connector (J13):** Used to transfer power (+OUT/–OUT) and VC to downstream VTM board when used.
12. **Output oscilloscope probe Jack (J14):** Used for making the accurate scope measurements of the output voltage (i.e., ripple). Remove scope grounding lead and insert probe directly into jack ensuring a good connection between the jack and the probe ground barrel. Do not attempt to install while power is applied. May not be compatible with all scope probes.
13. **Output capacitor (COUT) and output filtering (inductor and ceramic capacitors):** Helps to minimize the switching ripple of the output voltage. Sockets can be used for easy installation of aluminum-electrolytic output capacitor.
14. **High-side current-sense resistor and current-sense IC (R25 and U10):** Current-sense shunt monitors the output current and IC provides the feedback to the IFB pin for constant-current limit protection in remote-sense operation. Gain is programmed using resistor R26. Constant-current limit is set at ~10% above the rated output current of the PRM on all boards.
15. **Voltage sense and error amplifier:** Dual op-amp provides the voltage sensing and error amplifier function. It can be configured for local voltage sensing at the PRM output or a differential amplifier to allow for non-isolated remote sensing at the VTM output or load in remote-sense operation. Sockets are provided for compensation components.
16. **Voltage reference and output voltage trim pot (R44) for external voltage control loop:** remote-sense operation trim pot adjusts the output voltage by increasing and decreasing the error amplifier reference voltage (VREF). Turn clockwise to increase the output voltage and counterclockwise to decrease the output voltage. Sockets can be used for easy installation of soft-start ceramic capacitor.
17. **Dual paralleling wire to board connectors (J17 and J18):** Used for transferring signal pins (PC, PR and SG) in parallel operation from one board to other board. Provides simple strip and insert option. Accepts 18-24AWG solid wires. Spring-loaded contact will grab solid wire with no need for soldering. Connection requires for parallel regulator operation are grouped together.
18. **Push-pin heat sink and grounding clip mounting holes:** Use these holes for installing the optional push-pin heat sink and grounding clips included with the board. Use of the heat sink with fan is highly recommended for appropriate cooling of the PRM module.

Test Points Description

Each test point has a socket which accepts 0.015 – 0.025 inch diameter leads for easy installation of solid wires and through-hole components. All the test points are brought out to the edge of the board to allow for easy measurement and/or connection to the user's external circuitry. All test points are labeled and routed to the edge of the board. Each test point is accompanied with an adjacent socket for adding a test lead or to facilitate wiring to external circuitry.

Table 3

Test points description

Note: for RS PRM, silkscreen may not match pin name.
See section: Considerations for remote-sense-only PRM

Reference Designator	Functional Name	Functional Description
TP30 TP33	+IN -IN	Input voltage test points provide Kelvin connection to input pins of the PRM™. Use these test points for measuring the input voltage of the PRM to avoid error due to interconnect losses.
TP31 TP32	+OUT -OUT	Output voltage test points provide Kelvin connection to output pins of the PRM. Use these test points for measuring the output voltage of the PRM to avoid error due to interconnect losses.
TP34 TP21 TP22	SG	Signal Ground (SG) test points are the ground reference for all control circuitry and signal pins of the PRM.
TP28 TP29	CS+ CS-	Used to measure the output current of the PRM across shunt resistor R25.
TP35 TP36	IM SG	Used to measure the output of current sense IC with reference to SG.
TP10	PR	Used to measure the PR signal of the PRM with reference to SG test point.
TP11	NC	No connect. For internal use only.
TP12	TM	Used to measure the TM signal of the PRM with reference to SG test point.
TP13	VS	Used to measure the VS signal of the PRM with reference to SG test point.
TP14	RE	Used to measure the RE signal of the PRM with reference to SG.
TP15	NC	No connect. For internal use only.
TP16	PC	Used to measure the PC signal with reference to SG.
TP17	VC	Used to measure the VC signal with reference to SG.
TP18	IF	Used to measure the IF signal of the PRM with external constant-current circuit with reference to SG in remote-sense operation.
TP43 TP44	VREF	Used to measure the voltage-reference signal of the error amplifier with reference to SG in remote-sense operation.
TP19 TP20	NC	No connect. For internal use only.
TP37 TP38		Can be used to inject the isolated signal of network analyzer for bode plot measurement to measure the stability in remote-sense operation.
TP23 TP24	VG SG	Can be used to connect function generator to control the open drain MOSFET in ENABLE control.
TP39 TP41		Not applied.
TP40 TP42		Not applied.

Sockets Description

Each socket accepts 0.015 – 0.025 inch diameter leads for easy installation of solid wires and through-hole components for use with external circuit and test equipment.

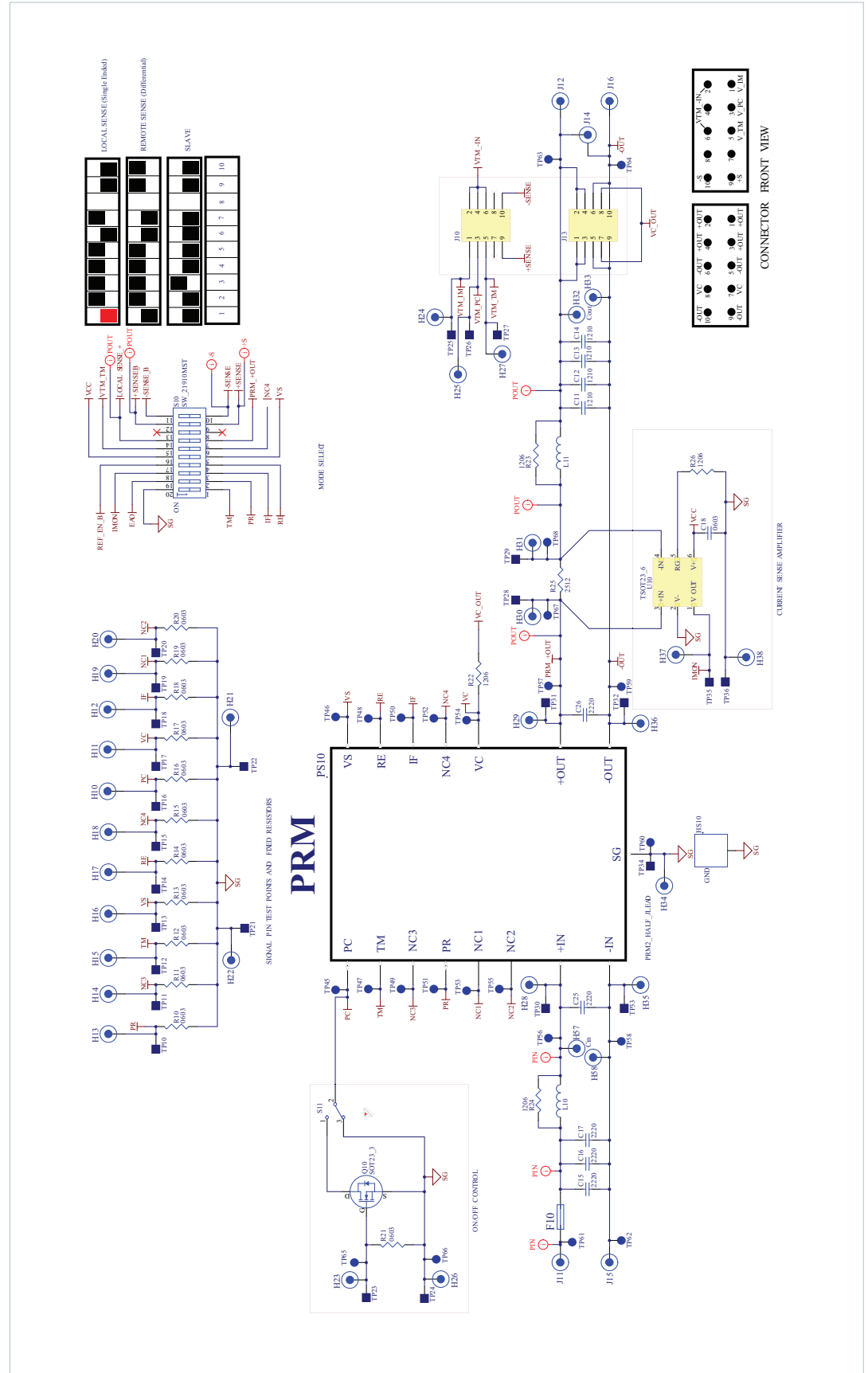
Table 4
Sockets description

Reference Designator	Functional Name	Functional Description
H57 H58	Input Capacitor (CIN)	Sockets are used for easy installation of through-hole 100V-rated aluminum-electrolytic capacitor.
H32 H33	Output Capacitor (COUT)	Sockets are used for easy installation of through-hole 100V-rated aluminum-electrolytic capacitor. Ensure proper polarity with short leads while installing.
H49 H53		Not applied.
H50 H54		Not applied.
H41 H43	Compensation Capacitor (C20)	Used for easy installation of through-hole compensation capacitor C20 in feedback path of error amplifier. Default through-hole 4700pF capacitor is added in the box. Used only with remote-sense operation.
H42 H44	Compensation Resistor (R28)	Used for easy installation of the through-hole compensation resistor R28 in feedback path of the error amplifier. Default through-hole 20k Ω resistor is added in the box. Used only with remote-sense operation.
H39 H40	Integrator Capacitor (C19)	Used for easy installation of through-hole compensation capacitor C19.
H47 H48	Differential Input Resistor (R33)	Used for easy installation of through-hole resistor R33 for non-isolated differential sensing in remote-sense operation.
H51 H52	Differential Input Resistor (R41)	Used for easy installation of through-hole resistor R41 for non-isolated differential sensing in remote-sense operation.
H55 H56	Soft-Start Capacitor (C24)	Used for easy installation of the through-hole capacitor on top of default 0.1 μ F to soft start the PRM output voltage in remote-sense operation.
H46 H45		Used to insert wires to hook up the network analyzer measuring probes to measure stability in remote-sense operation.
H30 H31	CS+ CS–	Used to insert test leads to measure the voltage across R25.

Schematic

Schematic for half-chip and full-chip remote-sense PRM™ evaluation board is same.

Figure 3a
Remote-sense PRM
evaluation board schematic



Schematic (Cont.)

Figure 3b
Remote-sense PRM
evaluation board schematic

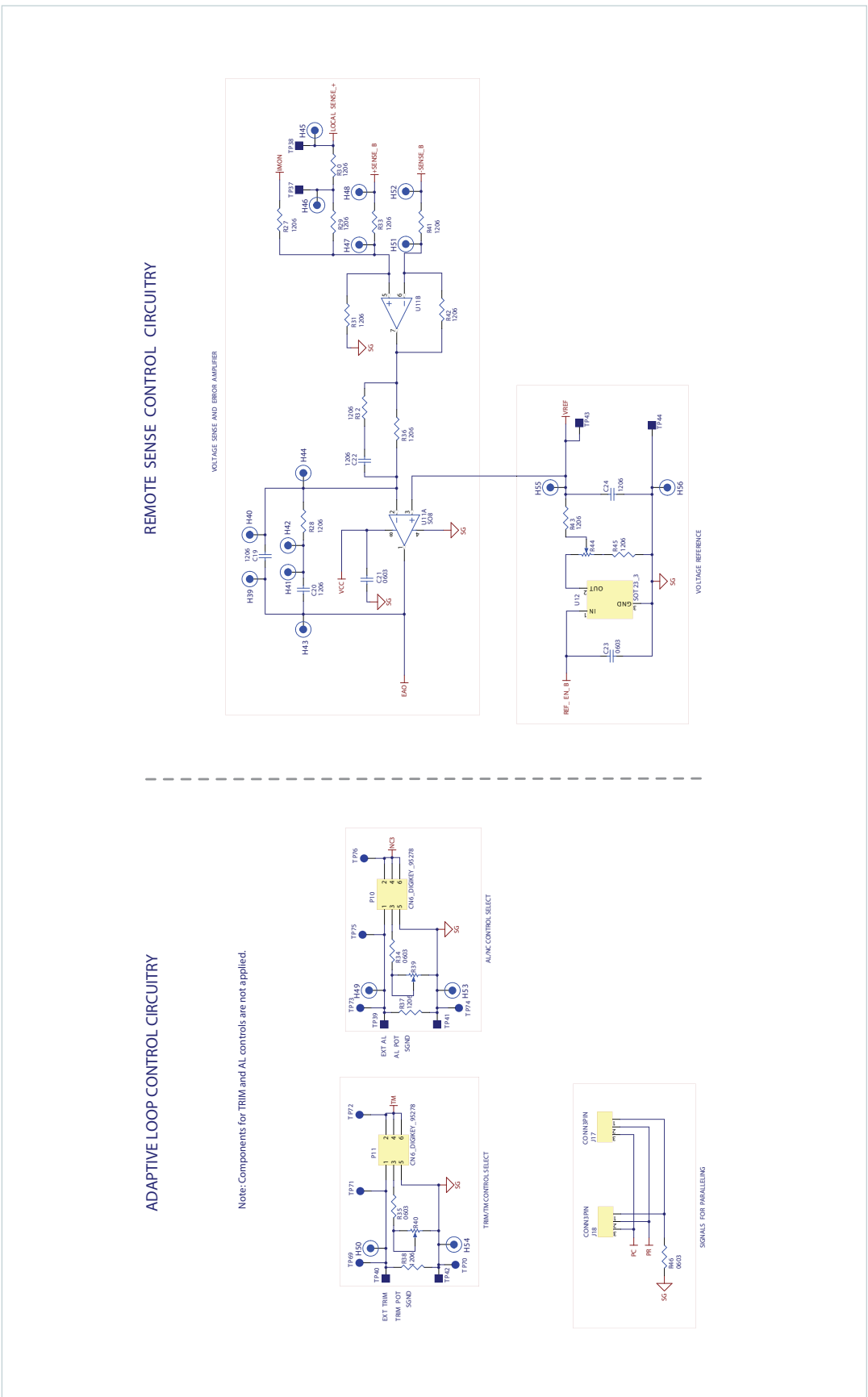


Figure 4a
Top view: half-chip evaluation
board assembly drawing

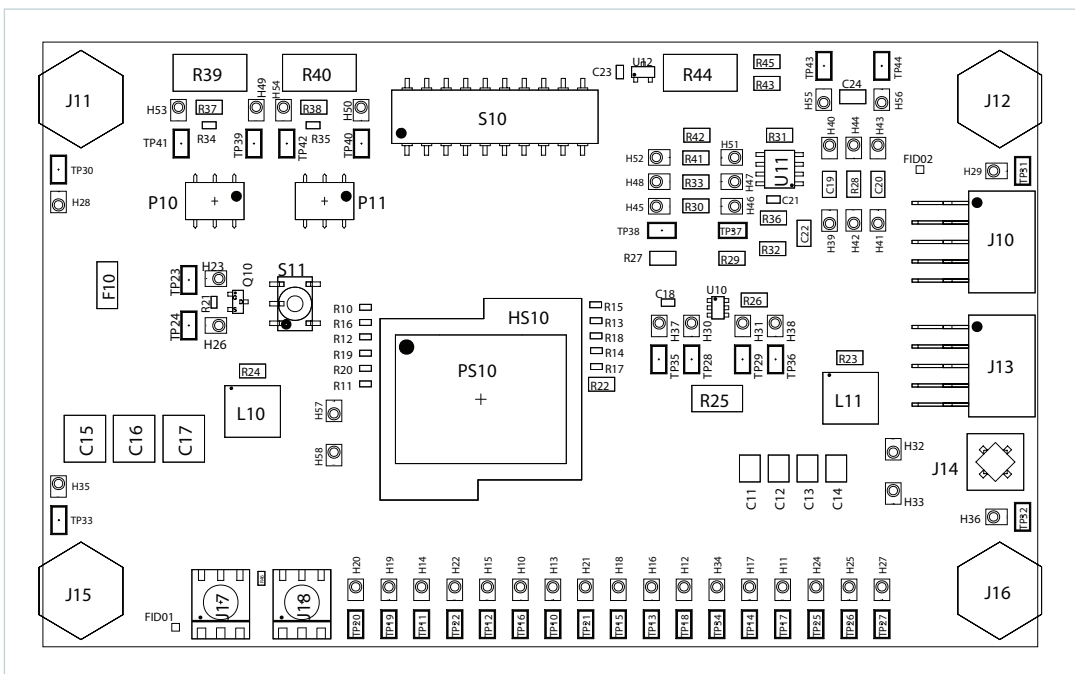
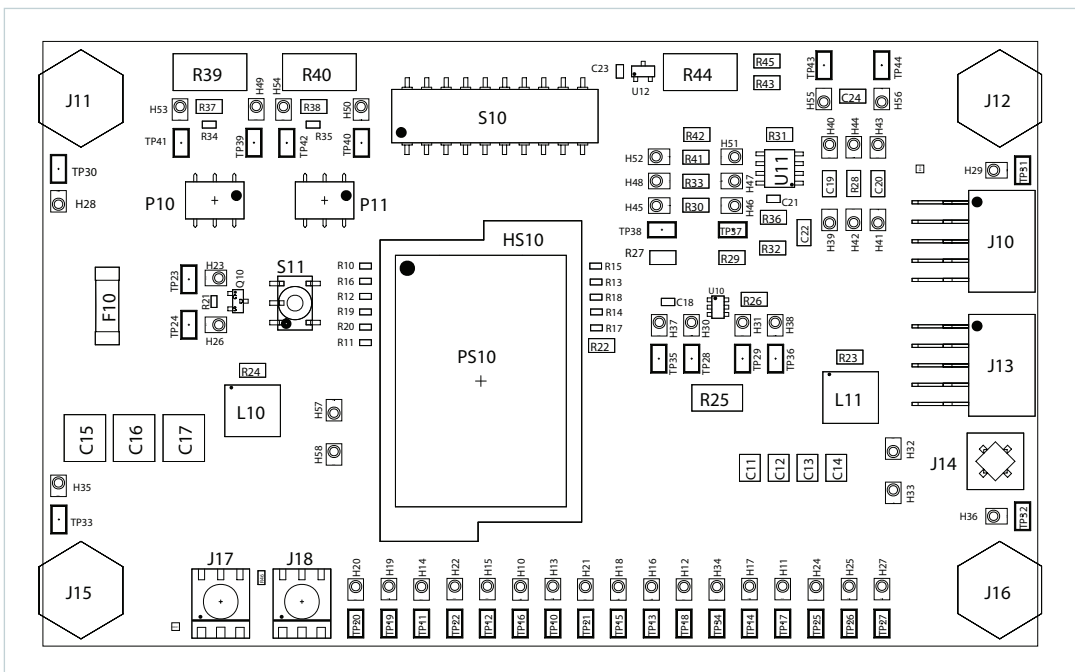


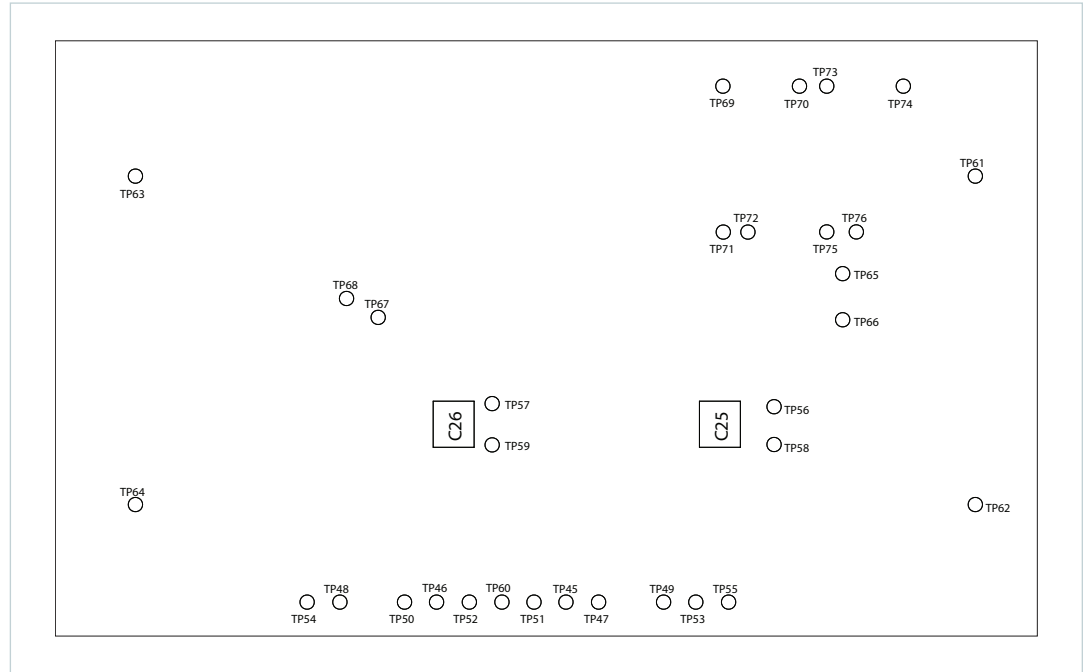
Figure 4b
Top view: full-chip evaluation
board assembly drawing



Assembly Drawings (Cont.)

Figure 4c

Bottom view:
half-chip / full-chip evaluation
board assembly drawing



Bill of Materials

Following table describes the most common components of of full-chip and half-chip remote-sense PRM™ evaluation boards.

Table 5
Common components

Reference Designator	Description	Manufacturer	Manufacturer Part Number
C11, C12, C13, C14	CAP X7R 2.2μF 10% 100V 1210 .102 MAX HT	TDK Corp. of America	C3225X7R2A225KT5LOU
C15, C16, C17	CAP X7R 4.7μF 20% 100V 2220	TDK	C5750X7R2A475M
C18, C21, C23	CAP X7R 0.01μF 10% 100V 0603	MURATA	GRM188R72A103KA01J
C20* not applied—use sockets	CAP X7R 4700pF 10% 50V RADIAL	AVX CORP	SR155C472KAR
C24	CAP X7R 0.10μF 10% 100V 1206	AVX CORP	12061C104KATMA
CIN	CAP ALEL 22μF 20% 100V RADIAL 8 X 11.5	PANASONIC	EEU-FC2A220
F10	Design specific – see Table 6		
H10 to H58	PIN RECPT 0.015/0.025 DIA 0667 SER TH	MILL-MAX MFG CORP	0667-0-57-15-30-27-10-0
J10, J13	CONN 10 PINS 2.54MM PITCH DUAL ROW SM HO	GCT	BG225-10-A-N-A
J14	JACK VERTICAL MECH THRU HOLE	TEKTRONIX	131-5031-00
J17, J18	CONN 3 POS WIRE TO BOARD SMD	AVX CORP	478-6170-2-ND
JUMPER_HEADER	JUMPER SOCKET XJ8A	OMRON ELECTRONICS	XJ8A-0211
L10, L11	IND 0.1μH 20% 32.5A 2525	VISHAY/DALE	IHLP2525CZERR10M01
P10, P11	Not applied		
PCB	Design specific – see Table 6		
PS10	Design specific – see Table 6		
Q10	FET 2N7002 SOT-23	ON SEMICONDUCTOR	2N7002LT1G
R21	RES 10kΩ 1/10W 1% 0603	KOA SPEER	RK73H1J1002FTD
R22	RES 0Ω JUMPER 2A 1206	KOA SPEER	RK73Z2BTDD
R23, R24	RES 1Ω 1/4W 5% 1206	KOA SPEER	RK73B2BTTE1R0J
R25	Design specific – see Table 6		

Bill of Materials (Cont.)

Following table describes the most common components of of full-chip and half-chip remote-sense PRM™ evaluation boards.

Table 5 (Cont.)
Common components

Reference Designator	Description	Manufacturer	Manufacturer Part Number
R26	Design specific – see Table 6 – Remote-Sense Operation – set the constant-current limit		
R28* not applied– use sockets	RES 20kΩ 1/4W 1% AXIAL	KOA SPEER	MF1/4DCT52R2002F
R29	RES 54.9kΩ 1/4W 1% SMD 1206	KOA SPEER	RK73H2BTTE5492F
R30	RES 20Ω 1/4W 1% 1206	KOA SPEER	RK73H2BTDD20R0F
R31, R42	RES 1.27kΩ 1/4W 1% SMD 1206	KOA SPEER	RK73H2BTTE1271F
R34	Not applied		
R35	Not applied		
R36	RES 1kΩ 1/4W 1% 1206	KOA SPEER	RK73H2BTTE1001F
R39, R40	Not applied		
R43	RES 10kΩ 1/4W 1% 1206	KOA SPEER	RK73H2BTTE1002F
R44	RES TRIM POT 10kΩ 1/2W 10% TH	COPAL ELECTRONIC	CT94EY103
R45	RE 1kΩ 1/4W 1% SMD 1206	KOA SPEER	RK73H2BTTE1001F
R46	RES 1Ω 1/10W 1% 0603	PANASONIC	ERJ-3RQF1R0V
S10	MECH SMD 10-POS DIP SWITCH	CTS ELECTROCOMPONENTS	219-10MSTRF
S11	SW TOGGLE SPDT 1 POS SMD	C & K COMPONENTS	GT11MSCBE
TP10 to TP44	TEST POINT, SURFACE MOUNT	KEystone	5017
U10	IC HV I SENSE LMP8645HV TSOT-6	NATIONAL SEMICONDUCTOR	LMP8645HVMKE/NOPB
U11	IC DUAL OPAMP LM6142AIM 8PIN SO	NATIONAL SEMICONDUCTOR	LM6142AIMNOPB
U12	IC VREF 1.25V REF3312 SOT23 3	TI	REF3312AIDBZT

Please note that R28 and C20 are through-hole default compensation components required for remote-sense operation.

Bill of Materials (Cont.)

Following table describes the most common components of all four versions of PRM™ evaluation boards.

Table 6
Board-specific components

Reference Designator	Description	Manufacturer	Manufacturer Part Number
Board-Specific Components			
Evaluation board number: PRD48BF480T400B00			
PS10	REMOTE SENSE PRM FULL CHIP 400W	VICOR	PRM48BF480T400B00
R26	RES 215kΩ 1/4W 1% 1206	KOA SPEER	RK73H2BTTE2153F
R25	RES I SENSE 5mΩ 1W 1% 2512	VISHAY	WSL25125L000FEA
F10	FUSE 20A 125V _{AC} FAST 10.1X3.1 SMD	LITTELFUSE	0456020.ER
PCB	SNGLTD PCB FULL PRM CONFIG CB	VICOR	39573
Evaluation board number: PRD48BH480T200B00			
PS10	REMOTE-SENSE PRM HALF CHIP 200W	VICOR	PRM48BH480T200B00
R26	RES 215kΩ 1/4W 1% 1206	KOA SPEER	RK73H2BTTE2153F
R25	RES I SENSE 10mΩ 3W 1% 2512	BOURNS	CRA2512-FZ-R010ELF
F10	LITTLE FUSE 10A R451010.MRL	LITTELFUSE	0451010.MRL
PCB	SNGLTD PCB HALF PRM CONFIG CB	VICOR	38693
Evaluation board number: PRD48BF480T600A00			
PS10	REMOTE-SENSE PRM FULL CHIP 600W	VICOR	PRM48BF480T600A00
R26	RES 178kΩ 1/4W 1% 1206	KOA SPEER	RK73H2BTTE1783F
R25	RES I SENSE 4mΩ 1W 1% 2512	PANASONIC	ERJM1WSF4M0U
F10	FUSE 25A 125V _{AC} FAST 10.1X3.1 SMD	LITTELFUSE	0456025.ER
PCB	SNGLTD PCB FULL PRM CONFIG CB	VICOR	39573

VTM™ Evaluation Boards

The remote-sense PRM™ evaluation board is designed to work with all types of VTM evaluation boards to facilitate testing of virtually any PRM/VTM combination. The VTM evaluation board contains dual connectors designed to mate with J10 and J13 on PRM evaluation board. The additional signal connector is used to transfer VTM signal pins, as well as S+ and S- signals between boards. The S+ and S- signals are tied to the VTM output using local-sense resistors and can be used for implementing non-isolated remote sense as described in a later section. Board also provides the ability to inject an AC signal for measuring the loop response and break the isolation for non-isolated remote sense using PRM and VTM.

Figure 5
VTM evaluation board

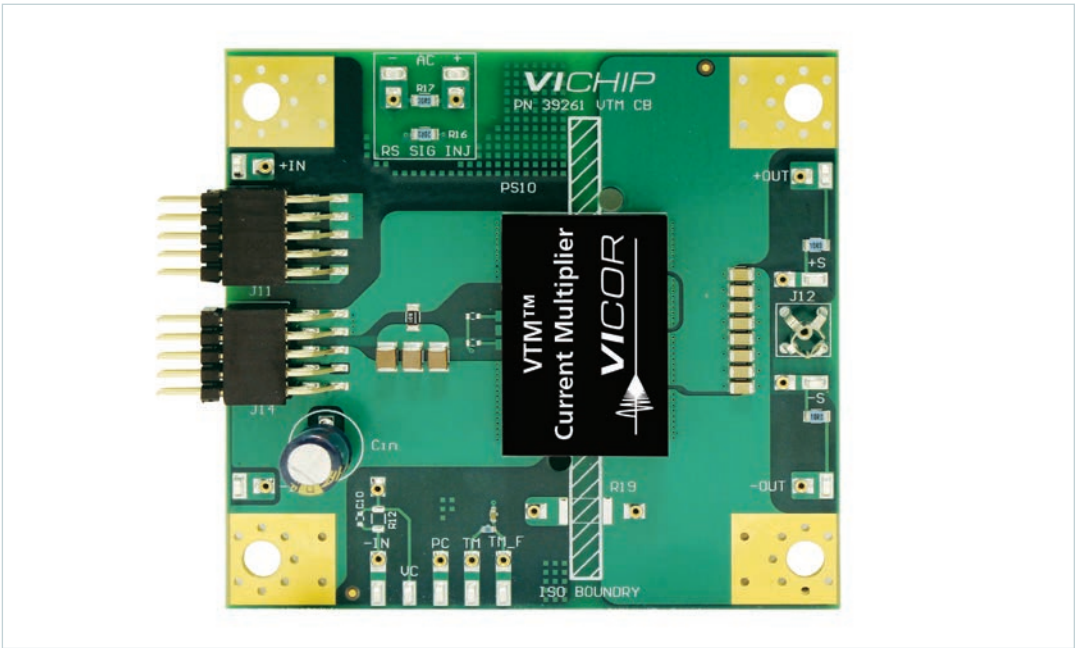
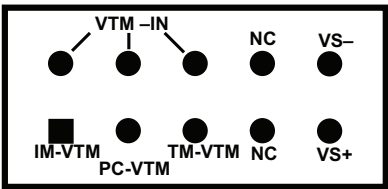
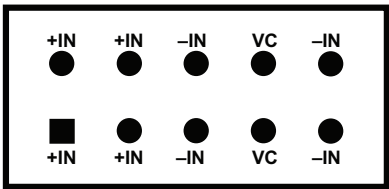


Figure 6
VTM evaluation board
connector pinout (front view)

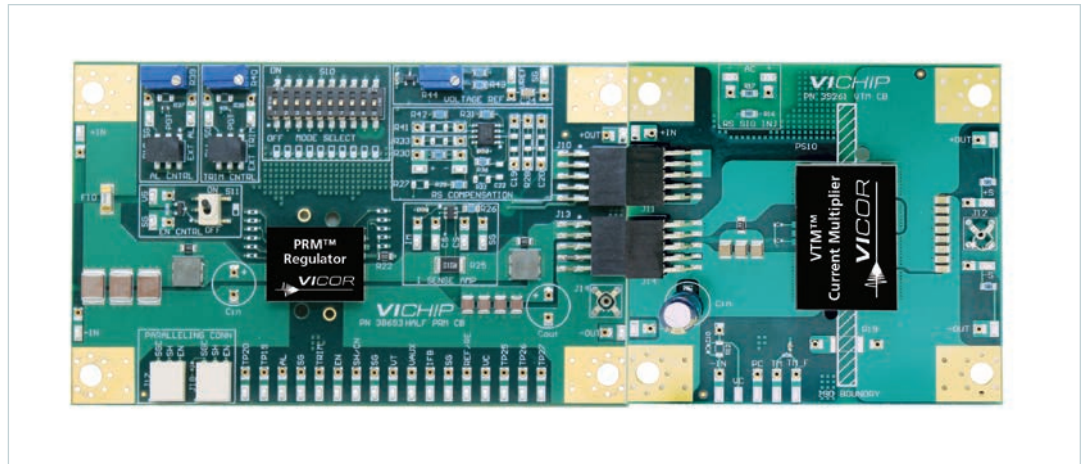


VTM Evaluation Board
Signal Connector



VTM Evaluation Board
Power / Signal Connector

Figure 7
Remote-sense PRM
evaluation board
connection to
VTM evaluation board



Recommended Test Equipment

The following is a list of recommended test equipment.

1. DC power supply: 0 – 80V, 600W minimum
2. Load: Rated appropriately based on output voltage, current and power requirements.
3. Digital multi-meters (DMMs)
4. Oscilloscope + probes
5. Function generator (for external enable/disable and trim control)
6. Auxiliary bench voltage supply (for external trim and AL control)
7. Network analyzer
8. Interconnect wires, cables and fastening hardware.
9. Calibrated input and output shunts, appropriately rated (for efficiency measurements)
10. Trim pot screwdriver
11. Fan
12. Data sheets of requisite PRM™ and VTM™ device used.
13. Safety glasses
14. Thin-bladed tool for wire extraction from paralleling connectors
(AVX part number: 06-9276-7001-01-000)

Push-Pin Heat Sink Installation

Each PRM and VTM evaluation board comes with its own heat sink and push pins for installation. Before testing, it is highly recommended that heat sinks be installed in the appropriate location for each board. When installing the push-pin heat sink, use caution not to exceed the maximum compressive on the device listed in the data sheet.

Line and Load Connections

- Make sure that input power supply is OFF.
- Connect the input power supply positive lead to the +IN input lug of the evaluation board.
- Connect the input power supply return lead to the –IN input lug of the evaluation board.
- Connect the output lug +OUT to the positive terminal of the electronic load.
- Connect the output lug –OUT to the return terminal of the electronic load.
- Verify proper polarity of the connections.
- Place the input capacitance 22 μ F, 100V.
- Turn the FAN ON.
- Have the latest version of the data sheet.

Board Operating Modes

Remote-sense PRM™ evaluation board supports both adaptive-loop and remote-sense configurations. Therefore, operating mode selection switch S10 is provided on the board for selection of the following operating modes:

- Remote sense: local sensing (single ended)
- Remote sense: non-isolated remote sense (differential)
- Slave (for array operation)

Figure 8
Mode-select switch

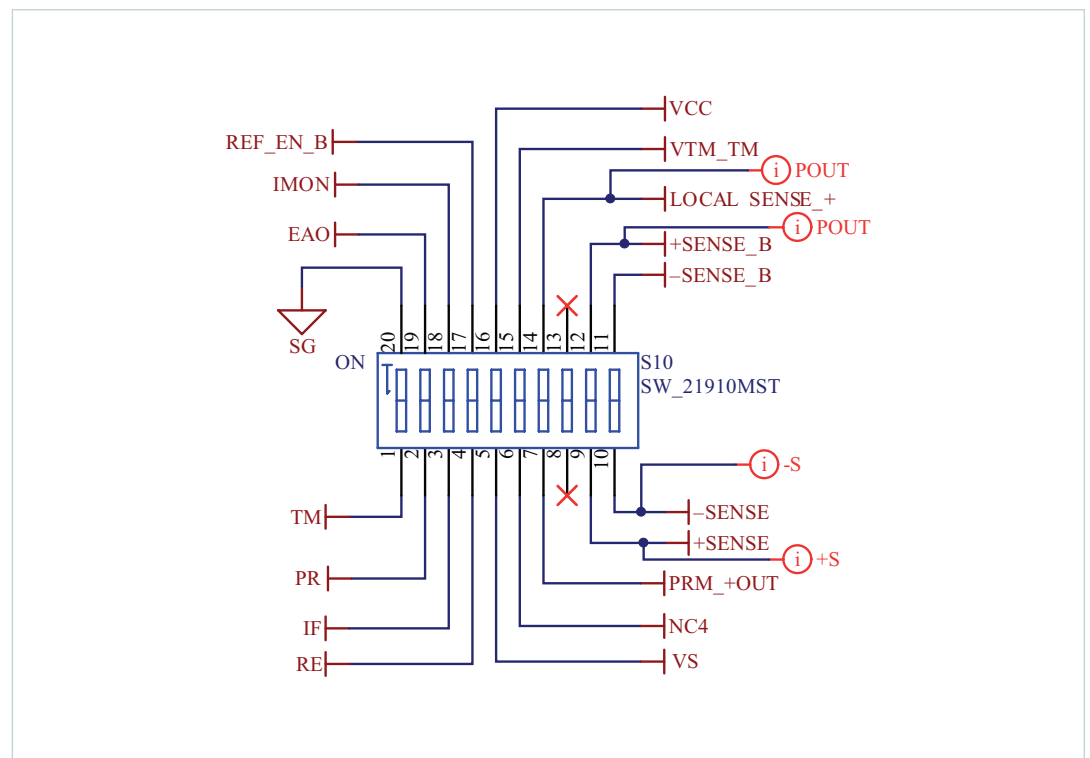


Figure 9
Switch configuration

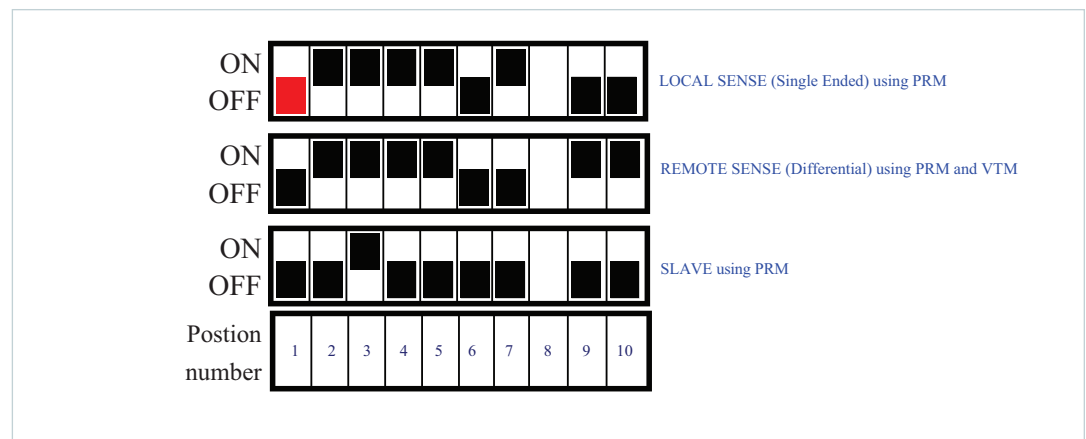
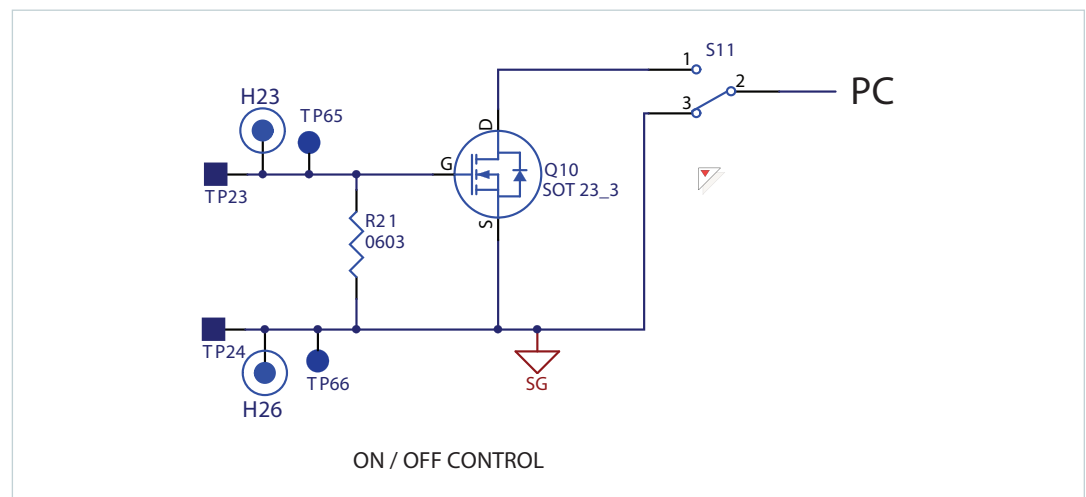


Figure 9 provides the illustration for how to configure the switch for each operating mode.

Common Features in All Modes of Operation

- On / off control to enable and disable the PRM™ in the presence of input power.
 - Using switch S11 or
 - Open drain MOSFET using external circuitry or function generator
- Input filtering (inductor and ceramic capacitors)
- Output filtering (inductor and ceramic capacitors)
- Sockets for easy installation of input and output electrolytic capacitor
- Test points for current sensing
- Kelvin test points for measurement of input voltage, output voltage and all signal pins of the PRM.
- Sockets for each test point for easy installation of through-hole components and solid wires to facilitate the wiring to external circuitry and test equipment.

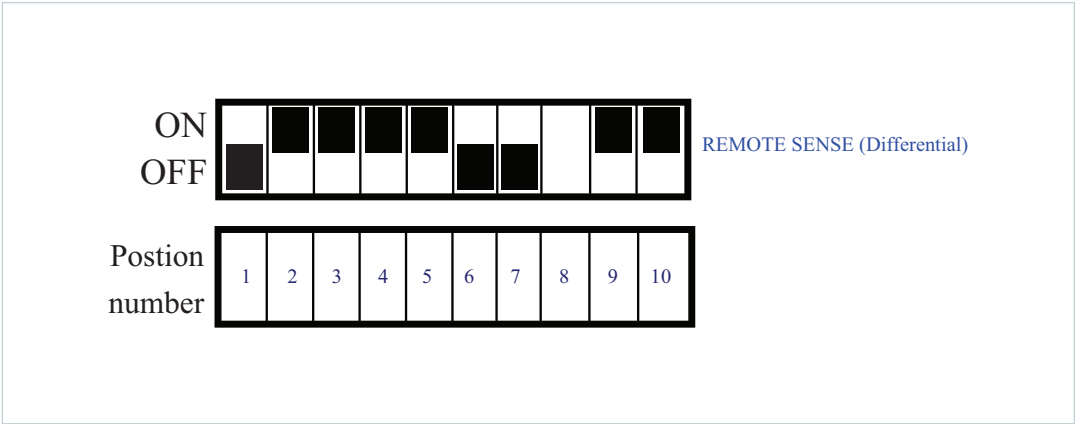
Figure 10
ON / OFF control



Remote-Sense Operating Mode using PRM™ and VTM™: Non-Isolated Remote Sensing (Differential Sensing)

Mode select switch S10 setting: keep the switch S10 setting at all positions as shown in the following illustration.

Figure 13
Remote sense (differential)



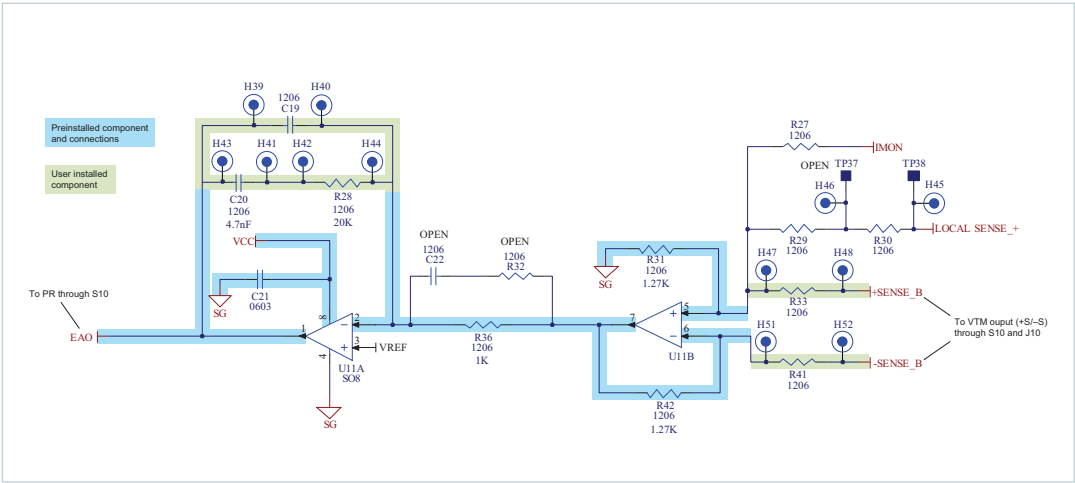
Note: To use this configuration, the VTM isolation must be broken by tying VTM –IN and VTM –OUT together.

The following table describes the switch configuration.

Table 8
Switch configuration in
differential sensing

Switch Position Number	ON / OFF	Connection
1	OFF	TM pin must be left open. This switch position cannot be put in the ON position.
2	ON	PR pin is connected to output of external error amplifier.
3	ON	IF pin is connected to output of external current-sense amplifier to set the constant-current limit.
4	ON	RE pin is connected to input of the external voltage reference circuit to generate voltage reference for external error amplifier.
5	ON	VS pin is connected to power VCC of the op-amp and current sense IC.
6	OFF	NC pin must be left open. This switch position cannot be put in the ON position.
7	OFF	PRM +OUT pin is NOT connected to local sense (single ended) of the remote-sense control circuitry.
8	either	
9	ON	VTM +OUT (+SENSE) pin is connected to positive input (+SENSE_B) of the differential buffer of remote-sense control circuitry.
10	ON	VTM –OUT (–SENSE) pin is connected to negative input (–SENSE_B) of the differential buffer of remote-sense control circuitry.

Figure 14
Remote sense: non-isolated
remote-sensing (differential)
control circuitry
BLUE highlight =
Pre-installed component
GREEN highlight =
user-installed component



In this configuration, the PRM™ and VTM™ evaluation boards are connected together to form a PRM / VTM pair and regulation is performed at the VTM module output. The +SENSE and –SENSE connections are made at the VTM output through connector J10. This is a non-isolated configuration and therefore the VTM isolation must be broken by tying the VTM –OUT and VTM –IN pins together. The VTM evaluation board has provisions for easily breaking the isolation. U11B is configured as a differential amplifier with gain set for appropriate output voltage. R33 and R41 set the gain. POT R44 can be used to set the required voltage at the VTM output. Maximum output voltage can be set for maximum 1.25V reference voltage. R33 and R41 is calculated using following equation.

$$R_{R33} = R_{R41} = \frac{V_{OUT_SET(MAX)} \cdot 1.27k\Omega}{1.25V} \quad (1)$$

Where:

$V_{OUT_SET(MAX)}$ is the maximum VTM output trim voltage

Please note that R33 and R41 are not populated by default. Sockets can be used to populate through-hole resistors R33 and R41.

In order to configure the evaluation boards for non-isolated remote sense the following steps must be taken:

1. Connect the PRM and VTM evaluation boards together
2. Configure the operating mode switch as described
3. Break the isolation by connecting VTM –IN and –OUT together
4. Calculate and install the appropriate differential sense resistors (R33 and R41)
5. Install compensation components C20 and R28

Remote-Sense Compensation Components

By default, compensation components are not populated, and are required for operation. Please note that board comes with default through-hole compensation components C20 and R28 that can be used to get a baseline for remote-sense operation. Sockets can be used for easy installation of C20 and R28. These components are not optimized and will have low bandwidth response. Transient response can be improved by adjusting the compensation components as outlined in the PRM datasheet.

It is recommended to use a network analyzer to measure the closed-loop frequency response when adjusting compensation. The PRM and VTM boards provide test points which can be used to inject the network analyzer AC signal and measure the closed-loop response.

For PRM remote-sense mode (single ended local sense), test points TP37/TP38 and H46/H45 are in series between the PRM +OUT and the voltage-sense resistors and should be used.

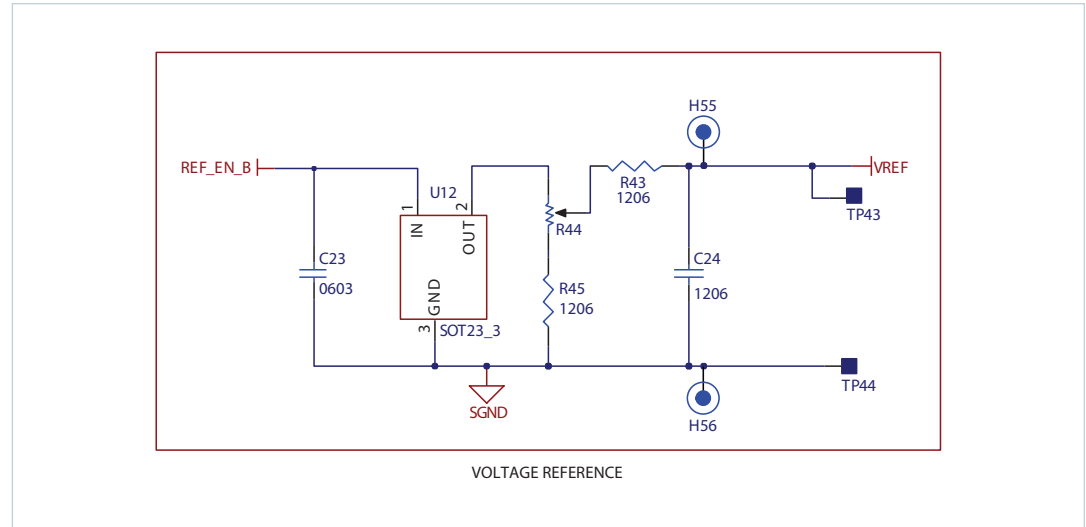
For PRM-VTM remote-sense mode (differential sense) test points are provided on the VTM board in series with the +S connections (Labeled "AC SIG INJ +/-") and should be used.

Trim and Soft-Start Adjustment in Remote-Sense Operation

Trim and soft-start adjustment in remote-sense operation is set by the reference voltage network shown below. The PRM™ evaluation board is normally configured for a 20 – 55V trim range. Trim POT R44 is used to trim the output voltage in remote-sense operation.

The slew rate of the output voltage during start up may be controlled by controlling the rate-of-rise of the voltage at VREF node. This can be achieved using soft-start capacitance C24. By default, C24 is populated with 0.1μF ceramic capacitance. Sockets H55 and H56 can be used for installation of additional through-hole soft-start capacitance. It is not recommended to extend the soft start beyond 10ms.

Figure 15
Voltage-reference circuit



Current Limit Adjustment in Remote-Sense Operation

In remote-sense operation, current feedback is provided externally. The current limit set point is a function of the current-sense amplifier gain, the shunt resistor and the internal current-limit threshold of PRM. Full-chip PRM evaluation board has 5mΩ current shunt whereas half-chip PRM evaluation board has 10mΩ current shunt. The IFB current limit threshold is fixed at 2.0V. The gain of the current-sense amplifier can be changed per Equation 2 in order to adjust the current limit. Resistor R26 set the gain of the current-sense amplifier. R25 is the current shunt.

$$G_{CS} = \frac{V_{IFB_IL}}{I_{LIMIT_SET} \cdot R_{R25}} \quad (2)$$

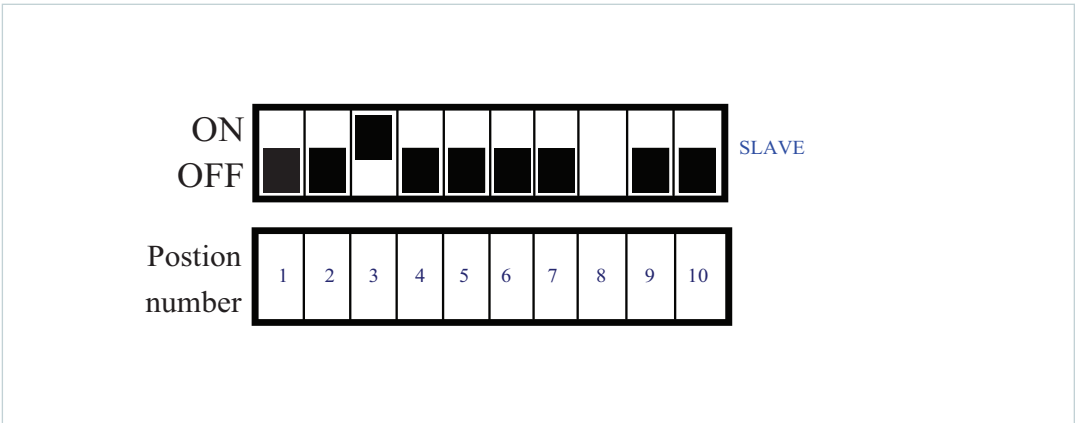
By default, R26 is installed for the current limit approximately 10% above rated output current.

The current-limit set point can be changed by adjusting the value of R26 and appropriately setting the gain of the current-sense IC.

Slave Operating Mode (Arrays)

Mode select switch S10 setting: keep the switch S10 setting at all positions as shown in the following illustration.

Figure 16
Slave



Slave operation is required for constructing arrays of parallel devices as described in the next section. Switch all the positions to OFF, except position #3. Slave PRMs receive their control signal (PR) from an external remote-sense circuit. Switch at position #3 is on to enable the constant output current limit. External remote-sense circuit controls the array of voltage.

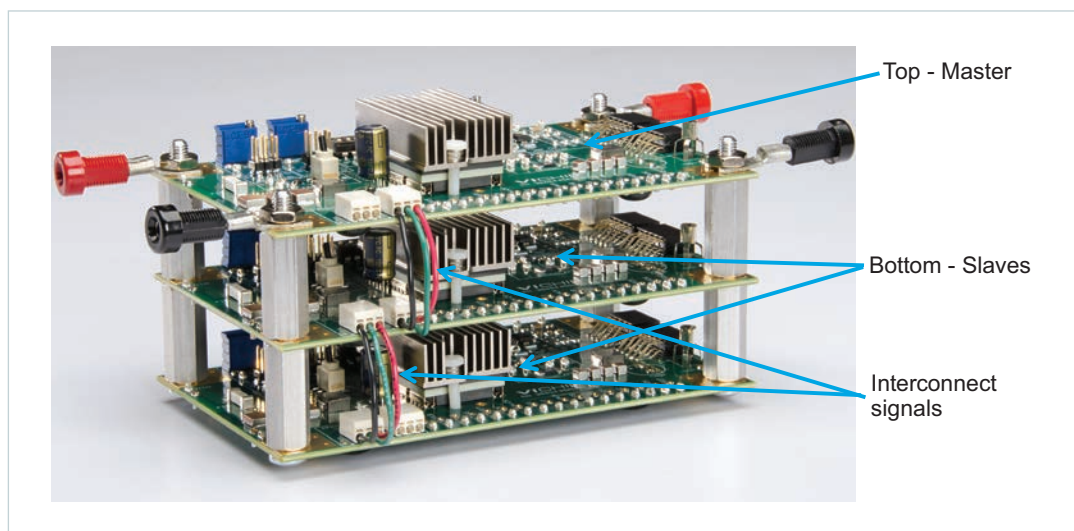
Paralleling

The paralleling and current-sharing capability of the devices can be demonstrated by stacking multiple evaluation board and interconnecting the inputs and outputs with standoffs of sufficient current rating to create a parallel array. See Figure 17 below. One board should be configured normally for remote-sense operation and placed on top for easy access to control circuitry. The remaining PRMs should be configured as slaves and placed underneath.

When paralleling PRMs, the PC, PR and SG pins should be connected together. Dual paralleling wire to board connectors (J17 and J18) are used for transferring signal pins (PC, PR and SG) in parallel operation from board to board. These connectors provide simple strip and insert option and accept 18-24 AWG solid wires. PR and SG wires can be twisted to minimize noise pick-up. Note that when using J17 and J18, SG pins will be connected together through an on board 1Ω series resistors to decouple signal grounds.

VTM™ boards can also be connected in parallel to create high power PRM-VTM arrays. VTM input and outputs need to be connected in parallel using same size standoffs. Each VTM requires a VC signal from a PRM in order to start and it is recommended to connect one PRM VC to one VTM VC using the connector J13 when possible. If needed a single PRM VC can be used to drive up to two VTMs (will require additional off board connections).

Figure 17
Paralleling of PRM
evaluation board



Conclusion

The PRM™ evaluation board is a flexible tool which allows users to implement and perform basic testing on various configurations, including PRM-VTM™ module combinations. This user guide covers some basic topics; however, it cannot describe every scenario. If additional information required, please contact Vicor Applications Engineering.

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