

EFR32FG12 2.4 GHz/868 MHz Dual Band 10 dBm Radio Board BRD4254A Reference Manual



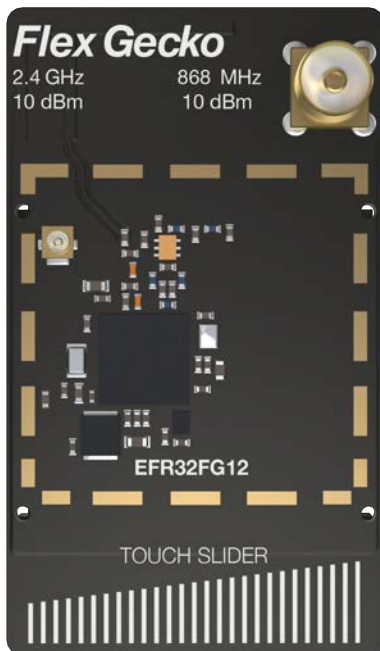
The BRD4254A Flex Gecko Radio Board enables developers to develop proprietary wireless applications. The board contains a Flex Gecko Wireless System on Chip 2.4 GHz and 868 MHz Dual Band and optimized for operation with 10 dBm output power. For the 2.4 GHz band with the on-board printed antenna and RF connector radiated and conducted testing is supported. For the 868 MHz band the on-board SMA connector enables conducted testing and attachment of external whip antenna for radiated tests.

The BRD4254A Flex Gecko Radio Board plugs into the Wireless Starter Kit Mainboard provided with the Flex Gecko Starter Kit to get access to display, buttons and additional features from Expansion Boards. With the supporting Simplicity Studio suite of tools, developers can take advantage of graphical wireless application development and visual energy profiling and optimization. The board also serves as an RF reference design for applications targeting 2.4 GHz and 868 MHz Dual Band wireless operation with 10 dBm output power.

This document contains brief introduction and description of the BRD4254A Radio Board features focusing on the RF sections and performance.

RADIO BOARD FEATURES

- Wireless SoC:
EFR32FG12P433F1024GL125
- CPU core: ARM Cortex[®]-M4 with FPU
- Flash memory: 1024 kB
- RAM: 256 kB
- Operation frequency: 2.4 GHz + 868 MHz
- Transmit power: 10 dBm
- 2.4 GHz: Integrated PCB antenna, UFL connector (optional).
- 868 MHz: Single SMA connector both for transmit and receive
- Touch Slider
- Crystals for LFXO and HFXO: 32.768 kHz and 38.4 MHz.



1. Introduction

The EFR32 Flex Gecko Radio Boards provide a development platform (together with the Wireless Starter Kit Mainboard) for the Silicon Labs EFR32 Flex Gecko Wireless System on Chips and serve as reference designs for the matching networks of the RF interfaces.

The BRD4254A Radio Board supports dual-band operation with its integrated sub-GHz ISM band and 2.4 GHz band transceivers. The sub-GHz section is designed to operate in the band with an external whip antenna, the 2.4 GHz section is designed to operate at the 2400-2483.5 MHz band with the on-board printed antenna. The matching networks are optimized to 10 dBm output power.

To develop and/or evaluate the EFR32 Flex Gecko the BRD4254A Radio Board can be connected to the Wireless Starter Kit Mainboard to get access to display, buttons and additional features from Expansion Boards and also to evaluate the performance of the RF interfaces.

2. Radio Board Connector

2.1 Introduction

The board-to-board connector scheme allows access to all EFR32FG12 GPIO pins as well as the RESETh signal. For more information on the functions of the available pin functions, see the EFR32FG12 data sheet.

2.2 Radio Board Connector Pin Associations

The figure below shows the pin mapping on the connector to the radio pins and their function on the Wireless Starter Kit Mainboard.

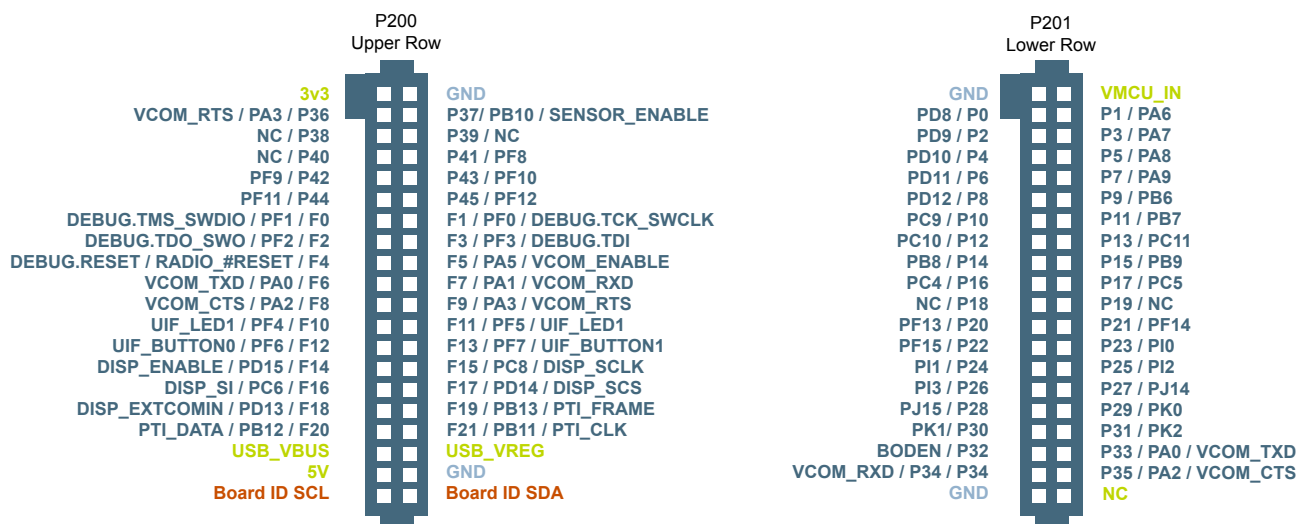


Figure 2.1. BRD4254A Radio Board Connector Pin Mapping

3. Radio Board Block Summary

3.1 Introduction

This section gives a short introduction to the blocks of the BRD4254A Radio Board.

3.2 Radio Board Block Diagram

The block diagram of the EFR32FG Radio Board is shown in the figure below.

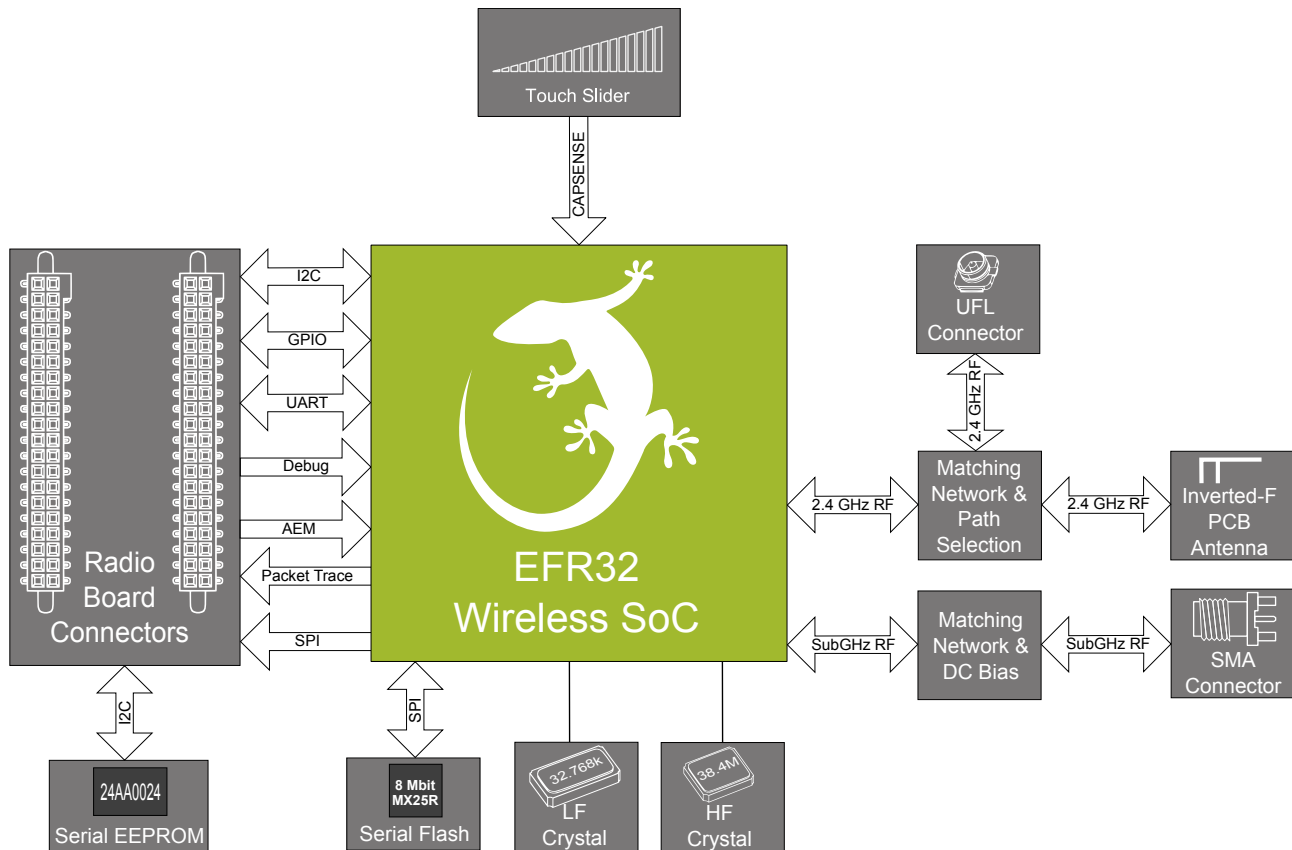


Figure 3.1. BRD4254A Block Diagram

3.3 Radio Board Block Description

3.3.1 Wireless MCU

The BRD4254A Flex Gecko Radio Board incorporates an EFR32FG12P433F1024GL125 Wireless System on Chip featuring 32-bit Cortex[®]-M4 with FPU core, 1024 kB of flash memory 256 kB of RAM, an integrated 2.4 GHz band and an integrated sub-GHz ISM band transceiver with output power up to 10 dBm. For additional information on the EFR32FG12P433F1024GL125, refer to the EFR32FG12 Data Sheet.

3.3.2 LF Crystal Oscillator (LFXO)

The BRD4254A Radio Board has a 32.768 kHz crystal mounted.

3.3.3 HF Crystal Oscillator (HFXO)

The BRD4254A Radio Board has a 38.4 MHz crystal mounted.

3.3.4 Matching Network for Sub-GHz

The BRD4254A Radio Board incorporates a sub-GHz matching network which connects both the sub-GHz TX and RX pins of the EFR32FG12 to the one SMA connector to be able to transmit and receive with one antenna. The component values were optimized for the 868 MHz band RF performance and current consumption with 10 dBm output power.

For detailed description of the matching network see Chapter [4.2.1 Description of the Sub-GHz RF Matching](#).

3.3.5 Matching Network for 2.4 GHz

The BRD4254A Radio Board incorporates a 2.4 GHz matching network which connects the 2.4 GHz TRX pin of the EFR32FG12 to the one on-board printed Inverted-F antenna. The component values were optimized for the 2.4 GHz band RF performance and current consumption with 10 dBm output power.

For detailed description of the matching network see Chapter [4.2.2 Description of the 2.4 GHz RF Matching](#).

3.3.6 Inverted-F Antenna

The BRD4254A Radio Board includes a printed Inverted-F antenna (IFA) tuned to have close to 50 Ohm impedance at the 2.4 GHz band.

For detailed description of the antenna see Chapter [4.6 Inverted-F Antenna](#).

3.3.7 SMA connector

To be able to perform conducted measurements or mount external antenna for radiated measurements, range tests etc., Silicon Labs added an SMA connector to the Radio Board. The connector allows an external 50 Ohm cable or antenna to be connected during design verification or testing.

3.3.8 UFL Connector

To be able to perform conducted measurements Silicon Labs added an UFL connector to the Radio Board. The connector allows an external 50 Ohm cable or antenna to be connected during design verification or testing.

Note: By default the output of the matching network is connected to the printed Inverted-F antenna by a series component. It can be connected to the UFL connector as well through a series 0 Ohm resistor which is not mounted by default. For conducted measurements through the UFL connector the series component to the antenna should be removed and the 0 Ohm resistor should be mounted (see Chapter [4.2 Schematic of the RF Matching Network](#) for further details).

3.3.9 Radio Board Connectors

Two dual-row, 0.05" pitch polarized connectors make up the EFR32FG Radio Board interface to the Wireless Starter Kit Mainboard.

For more information on the pin mapping between the EFR32FG12P433F1024GL125 and the Radio Board Connector, refer to Chapter [2.2 Radio Board Connector Pin Associations](#).

3.3.10 Capacitive Touch Slider

The touch slider (T2) utilizes the capacitive touch capability of the Capacitance Sense Module of the EFR32FG12. The slider interpolates 4 separate pads to find the exact position of a finger.

The figure below shows the pin mapping of the touch slider to the Wireless SoC.

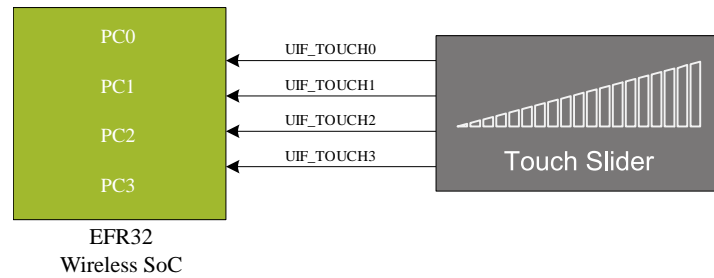


Figure 3.2. Touch Slider Pin Mapping

4. RF Section

4.1 Introduction

This section gives a short introduction to the RF section of the BRD4254A.

4.2 Schematic of the RF Matching Network

The schematic of the RF section of the BRD4254A Radio Board is shown in the following figure.

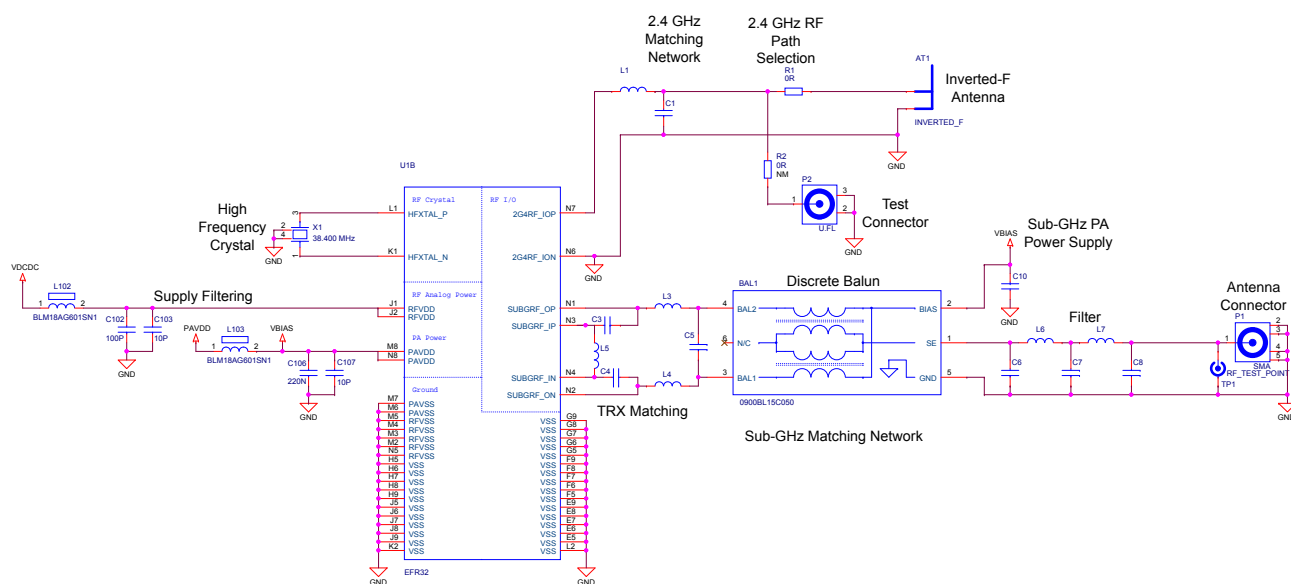


Figure 4.1. Schematic of the RF Section of the BRD4254A

4.2.1 Description of the Sub-GHz RF Matching

The sub-GHz matching network connects the differential TX outputs and RX inputs of the sub-GHz RF port to the SMA connector while transforming the impedances to 50 Ohm. Careful design procedure was followed to ensure that the RX input circuitry does not load down the TX output path while in TX mode and that the TX output circuitry does not degrade receive performance while in RX mode.

The matching includes a differential impedance matching circuitry, a discrete balanced-unbalanced transformer and a filter section. The targeted output power is 10 dBm at 868 MHz.

4.2.2 Description of the 2.4 GHz RF Matching

The 2.4 GHz matching connects the 2G4RF_IOP pin to the on-board printed Inverted-F Antenna. The 2G4RF_ION pin is connected to ground. For lower output powers (under 13 dBm) additional harmonic filtering is not required as the harmonic levels are below the regulation limits (see Chapter 7.1 Conducted Power Measurements). Thus the matching network comprises only a two-element impedance matching circuitry. The targeted output power is 10 dBm.

For conducted measurements the output of the matching network can also be connected to the UFL connector by relocating the series R1 resistor to the R2 resistor position between the output of the matching and the UFL connector.

4.3 RF Section Power Supply

On the BRD4254A Radio Board the supply for the radio (RFVDD) and the sub-GHz and 2.4 GHz power amplifiers (SUBGRF_ON, SUBGRF_OP and PAVDD pins) is connected to the on-chip DC-DC converter. This way, by default, the DC-DC converter provides 1.8 V for the entire RF section (for details, see the schematic of the BRD4254A).

4.4 Bill of Materials for the sub-GHz Matching

The Bill of Materials of the sub-GHz matching network of the BRD4254A Radio Board is shown in the following table.

Table 4.1. Bill of Materials for the BRD4254A Sub-GHz RF Matching Network

Component name	Value	Manufacturer	Part Number
L3	4.3 nH	Murata	LQW15AN4N3B80D
L4	4.3 nH	Murata	LQW15AN4N3B80D
L5	20 nH	Murata	LQW15AN20NJ00D
L6	11 nH	Murata	LQW15AN11NG00D
L7	11 nH	Murata	LQW15AN11NG00D
C3	1.6 pF	Murata	GRM1555C1H1R6WA01D
C4	1.6 pF	Murata	GRM1555C1H1R6WA01D
C5	4.7 pF	Murata	GRM1555C1H3R9WA01D
C6	3.0 pF	Murata	GRM1555C1H3R0CA01D
C7	5.6 pF	Murata	GRM1555C1H5R6BA01D
C8	3.0 pF	Murata	GRM1555C1H3R0CA01D
C10	56 pF	Murata	GRM1555C1H560GA01D

4.5 Bill of Materials for the 2.4 GHz Matching

The Bill of Materials of the 2.4 GHz matching network of the BRD4254A Radio Board is shown in the following table.

Table 4.2. Bill of Materials for the BRD4254A 2.4GHz RF Matching Network

Component name	Value	Manufacturer	Part Number
L1	1.9 nH	Murata	LQP15MN1N9W02D
C1	1.5 pF	Murata	GRM1555C1H1R05WA01D

4.6 Inverted-F Antenna

The BRD4254A Radio Board includes an on-board printed Inverted-F Antenna tuned for the 2.4 GHz band. Due to the design restrictions of the Radio Board the input of the antenna and the output of the matching network can't be placed directly next to each other. Therefore, a 50 Ohm transmission line was necessary to connect them. The resulting impedance and reflection measured at the output of the matching network are shown in the following figure. As it can be observed the impedance is close to 50 Ohm (the reflection is around or better than -10 dB) for the entire 2.4 GHz band.

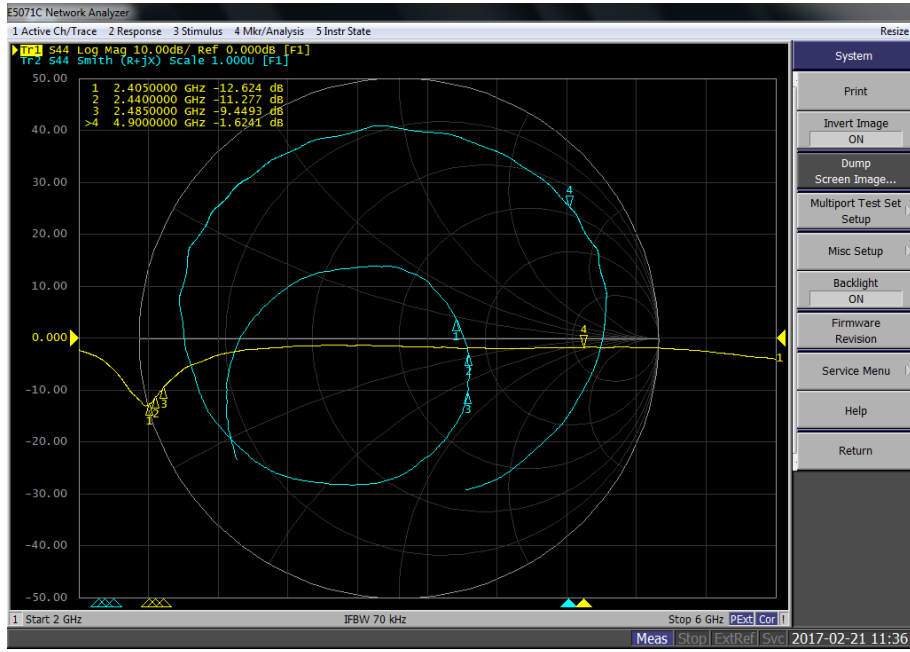


Figure 4.2. Impedance and Reflection of the Inverted-F Antenna of the BRD4254A Board Measured from the Matching Output

5. Mechanical Details

The BRD4254A Flex Gecko Radio Board is illustrated in the figures below.

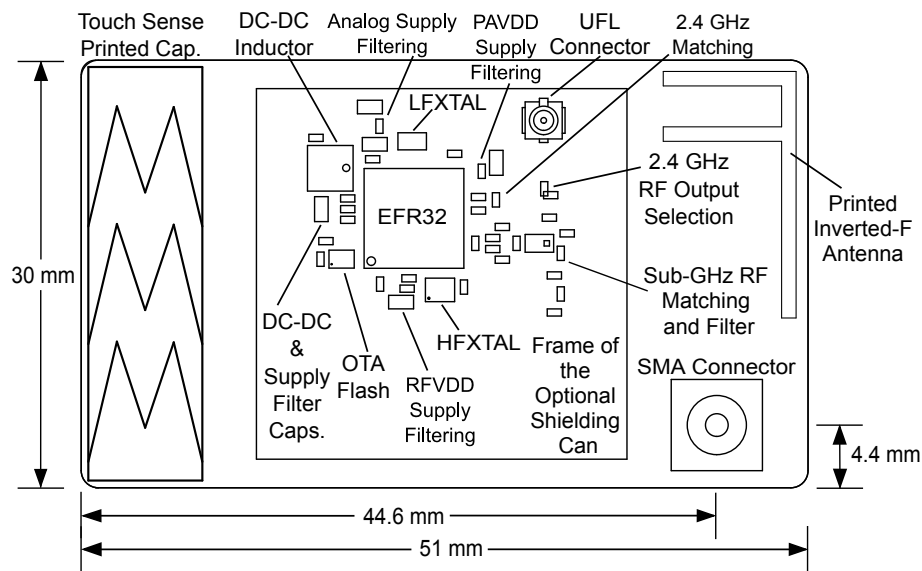


Figure 5.1. BRD4254A Top View

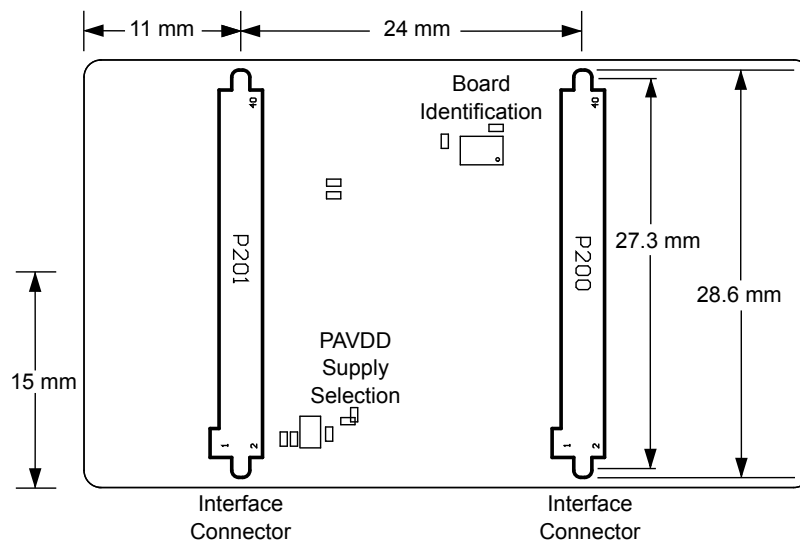


Figure 5.2. BRD4254A Bottom View

6. EMC Compliance

6.1 Introduction

Compliance of the fundamental and harmonic levels is tested against the following standards:

- 868 MHz:
 - ETSI EN 300-220-1
- 2.4 GHz:
 - ETSI EN 300-328
 - FCC 15.247

6.2 EMC Regulations for 868 MHz

6.2.1 ETSI EN 300-200-1 Emission Limits for the 868-868.6 MHz Band

Based on ETSI EN 300-220-1 the allowed maximum fundamental power for the 868-868.6 MHz band is 25 mW e.r.p. both for conducted and radiated measurements.

Note: Further in this document EIRP (Effective Isotropic Radiated Power) will be used instead of e.r.p. (Effective Radiated Power) for the comparison of the radiated limits and measurement results. The 25 mW e.r.p. radiated limit is equivalent to 16.1 dBm EIRP.

For the unwanted emission limits see the table below.

Table 6.1. ETSI EN 300-220-1 Spurious Domain Emission Limits in e.r.p. (and EIRP)

Frequency	47 MHz to 74 MHz 87.5 MHz to 118 MHz 174 MHz to 230 MHz 470 MHz to 862 MHz	Other frequencies below 1000 MHz	Frequencies above 1000 MHz
Operating	4 nW (-54 dBm e.r.p. = -51.8 dBm EIRP)	250 nW (-36 dBm e.r.p. = -33.9 dBm EIRP)	1 uW (-30 dBm e.r.p. = -27.9 dBm EIRP)
Standby	2 nW (-57 dBm e.r.p. = -54.8 dBm EIRP)	2 nW (-57 dBm e.r.p. = -54.8 dBm EIRP)	20 nW (-47 dBm e.r.p. = -44.8 dBm EIRP)

The above ETSI limits are also applied both for conducted and radiated measurements.

6.3 EMC Regulations for 2.4 GHz

6.3.1 ETSI EN 300-328 Emission Limits for the 2400-2483.5 MHz Band

Based on ETSI EN 300-328 the allowed maximum fundamental power for the 2400-2483.5 MHz band is 20 dBm EIRP. For the unwanted emissions in the 1 GHz to 12.75 GHz domain the specified limit is -30 dBm EIRP.

6.3.2 FCC15.247 Emission Limits for the 2400-2483.5 MHz Band

FCC 15.247 allows conducted output power up to 1 Watt (30 dBm) in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band. For spurious emissions the limit is -20 dBc based on either conducted or radiated measurement, if the emission is not in a restricted band. The restricted bands are specified in FCC 15.205. In these bands the spurious emission levels must meet the levels set out in FCC 15.209. In the range from 960 MHz to the frequency of the 5th harmonic it is defined as 0.5 mV/m at 3 m distance (equals to -41.2 dBm in EIRP).

Additionally, for spurious frequencies above 1 GHz, FCC 15.35 allows duty-cycle relaxation to the regulatory limits. For the EmberZNet PRO the relaxation is 3.6 dB. Therefore, the -41.2 dBm limit can be modified to -37.6 dBm.

If operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band the 2nd, 3rd and 5th harmonics can fall into restricted bands. As a result, for those the -37.6 dBm limit should be applied. For the 4th harmonic the -20 dBc limit should be applied.

6.3.3 Applied Emission Limits for the 2.4 GHz Band

The above ETSI limits are applied both for conducted and radiated measurements.

The FCC restricted band limits are radiated limits only. Besides that, Silicon Labs applies those to the conducted spectrum i.e., it is assumed that, in case of a custom board, an antenna is used which has 0 dB gain at the fundamental and the harmonic frequencies. In that theoretical case, based on the conducted measurement, the compliance with the radiated limits can be estimated.

The overall applied limits are shown in the table below.

Table 6.2. Applied Limits for Spurious Emissions for the 2.4 GHz Band

Harmonic	Frequency	Limit
2nd	4800~4967 MHz	-37.6 dBm
3rd	7200~7450.5 MHz	-37.6 dBm
4th	9600~9934 MHz	-30 dBm
5th	12000~12417.5 MHz	-37.6 dBm

7. RF Performance

7.1 Conducted Power Measurements

During measurements, the EFR32FG Radio Board was attached to a Wireless Starter Kit Mainboard which was supplied by USB. The voltage supply for the Radio Board was 3.3 V.

7.1.1 Conducted Measurements in the 868 MHz band

The EFR32FG Radio Board was connected directly to a Spectrum Analyzer through its SMA connector. The supply for the radio (RFVDD) was 1.8 V provided by the on-chip DC-DC converter, the supply for the sub-GHz power amplifier (SUBGRF_ON, SUBGRF_OP) was also 1.8 V provided by the on-chip DC-DC converter (VBIAS through the discrete balun; for details, see the schematic of the BRD4254A). The transceiver was operated in continuous carrier transmission mode. The output power of the radio was set to 10 dBm.

The typical output spectrum is shown in the following figure.

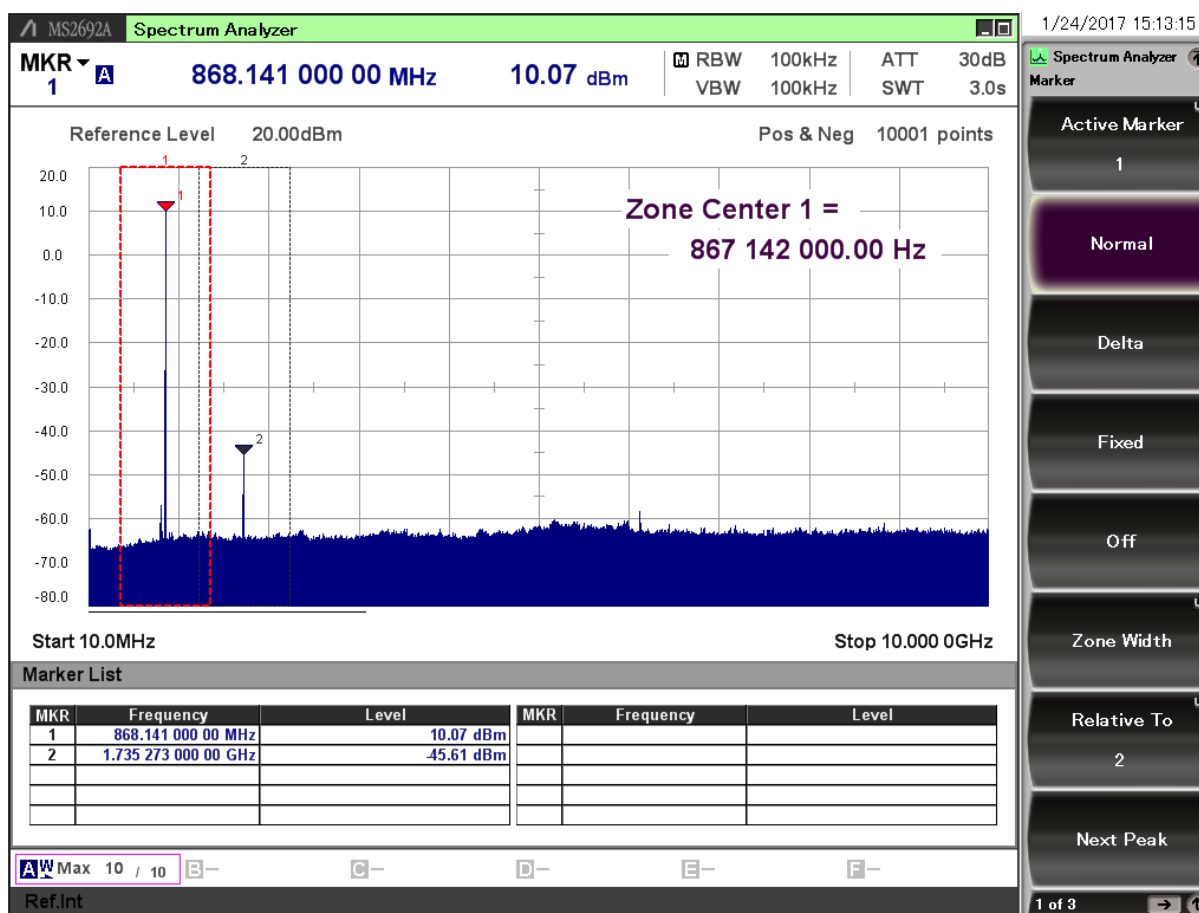


Figure 7.1. Typical Output Spectrum of the BRD4254A

As it can be observed the fundamental is slightly above 10 dBm but still under the 16.1 dBm fundamental limit and the strongest unwanted emission is the double-frequency harmonic but with only around -45 dBm level. So the conducted spectrum is compliant with the regulation limits.

7.1.2 Conducted Measurements in the 2.4 GHz band

The EFR32FG Radio Board was connected directly to a Spectrum Analyzer through its UFL connector (the 0 Ohm resistor was removed from the R1 position and was soldered to the R2 position). The supply for the radio (RFVDD) and the 2.4 GHz power amplifier (PAVDD) was 1.8 V provided by the on-chip DC-DC converter (for details, see the schematic of the BRD4254A). The transceiver was operated in continuous carrier transmission mode. The output power of the radio was set to 10 dBm.

The typical output spectrum is shown in the following figure.

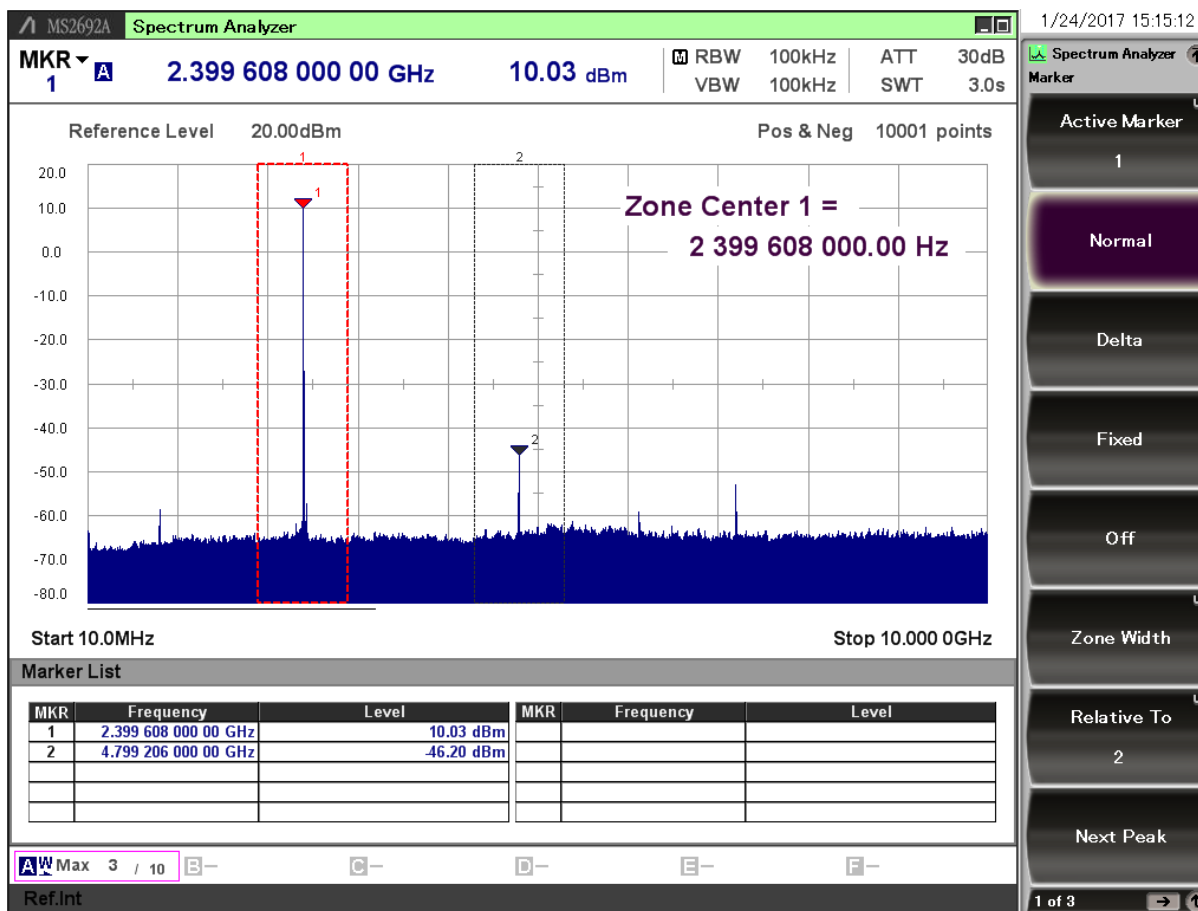


Figure 7.2. Typical Output Spectrum of the BRD4254A

As it can be observed the fundamental is slightly higher than 10 dBm limit and the strongest unwanted emission is the double-frequency harmonic but it is only around -46 dBm so it is under the -37.6 dBm applied limit with more than 10 dB margin. So the conducted spectrum is compliant with the applied limits.

Note: The conducted measurement is performed by connecting the on-board UFL connector to a Spectrum Analyzer through an SMA Conversion Adapter (P/N: HRMJ-U.FLP(40)). This connection itself introduces approx. 0.3 dB insertion loss.

7.2 Radiated Power Measurements

During measurements, the EFR32FG Radio Board was attached to a Wireless Starter Kit Mainboard which was supplied by USB. The voltage supply for the Radio Board was 3.3 V. The radiated power was measured in an antenna chamber by rotating the DUT 360 degrees with horizontal and vertical reference antenna polarizations in the XY, XZ and YZ cuts. The measurement axes are shown in the figure below.

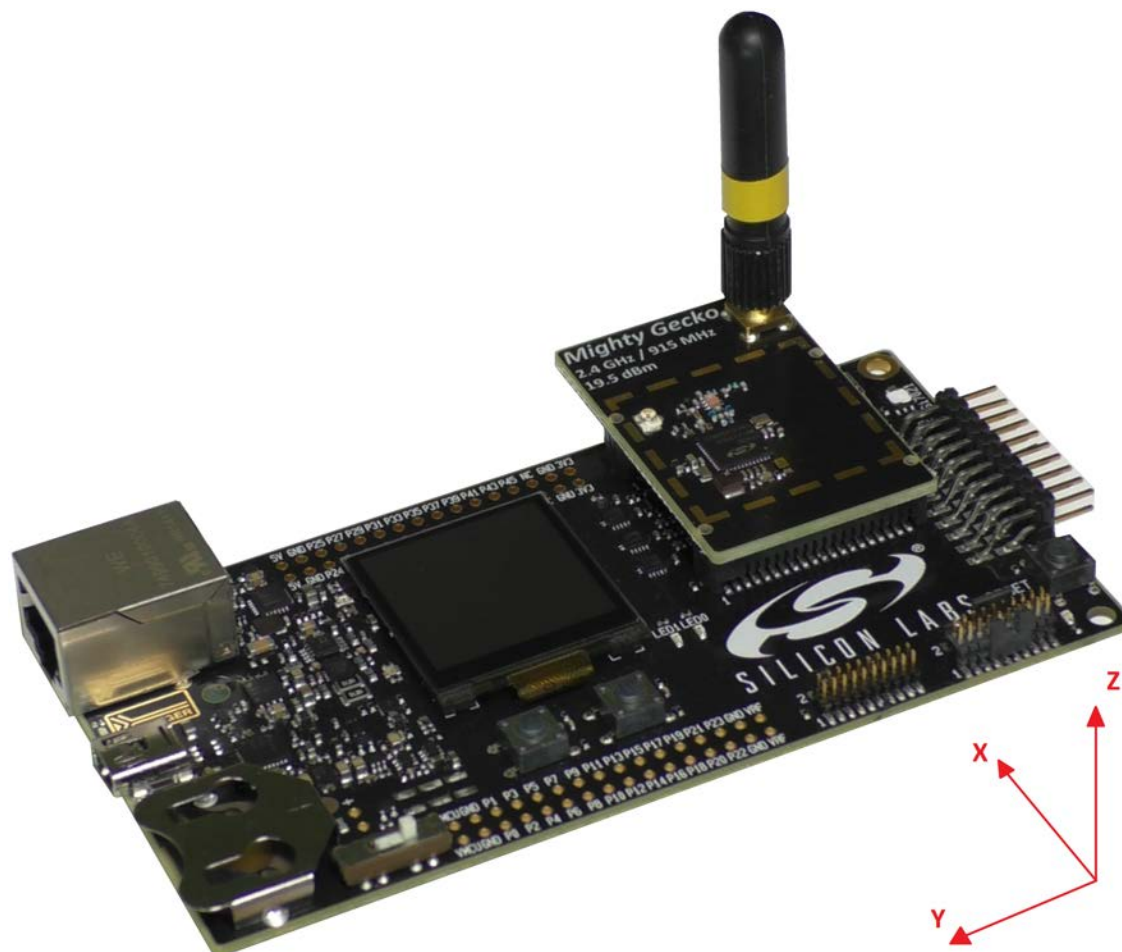


Figure 7.3. DUT: Radio Board with the Wireless Starter Kit Mainboard (Illustration)

Note: The radiated measurement results presented in this document were recorded in an unlicensed antenna chamber. Also the radiated power levels may change depending on the actual application (PCB size, used antenna, and so on). Therefore, the absolute levels and margins of the final application are recommended to be verified in a licensed EMC testhouse.

7.2.1 Radiated Measurements in the 868 MHz band

For the 868 MHz radiated power measurements an external whip antenna (P/N: ANT-868-CW-HWR-SMA) was used as a transmitter antenna. It was connected to the SMA connector of the EFR32FG Radio Board. The supply for the radio (RFVDD) was 1.8 V provided by the on-chip DC-DC converter, the supply for the sub-GHz power amplifier (SUBGRF_ON, SUBGRF_OP) was also 1.8 V provided by the on-chip DC-DC converter (VBIAS through the discrete balun; for details, see the schematic of the BRD4254A). The transceiver was operated in continuous carrier transmission mode. The output power of the radio was set to 10 dBm.

The measured radiated powers are shown in the table below.

Table 7.1. Maximums of the measured radiated powers in EIRP [dBm]

Frequency	EIRP [dBm]	Orientation	Margin [dB]	Limit in EIRP [dBm]
Fund	10.2	XZ/H	5.9	16.1
2nd	-43.3	XZ/H	15.4	-27.9
3rd	-58.2	XZ/H	30.3	-27.9
4th	-57.2	XZ/H	29.3	-27.9
5th	<-50*	-/-	>10	-27.9
6th	-52.4	XZ/H	24.5	-27.9
7th	<-50*	-/-	>10	-27.9
8th	<-50*	-/-	>10	-27.9
9th	<-50*	-/-	>10	-27.9
10th	<-50*	-/-	>10	-27.9

* Signal level is below the Spectrum Analyzer noise floor.

As it can be observed the fundamental is below the regulation limit by ~6 dB, the harmonic levels are also compliant with large margins.

7.2.2 Radiated Measurements in the 2.4 GHz band

For the transmitter antenna the on-board printed Inverted-F antenna of the BRD4254A board was used (the R1 resistor was mounted). The supply for the radio (RFVDD) and the 2.4 GHz power amplifier (PAVDD) was 1.8 V provided by the on-chip DC-DC converter (for details, see the schematic of the BRD4254A). During the measurement the sub-GHz antenna (P/N: ANT-868-CW-HWR-SMA) was attached to the SMA connector. The transceiver was operated in continuous carrier transmission mode. The output power of the radio was set to 10 dBm.

The results are shown in the table below.

Table 7.2. Maximums of the measured radiated powers in EIRP [dBm]

Frequency	EIRP [dBm]	Orientation	Margin [dB]	Limit in EIRP [dBm]
Fund	12.7	YZ/V	17.3	30
2nd	-51	XZ/V	13.4	-37.6
3rd	-47.8	XZ/H	10.2	-37.6
4th	<-50*	-/-	>10	-30
5th	<-50*	-/-	>10	-37.6

* Signal level is below the Spectrum Analyzer noise floor.

As it can be observed, thanks to the ~2-3 dB gain of the on-board Inverted-F antenna, the level of the fundamental is higher than 10 dBm. The harmonics are compliant with the applied limits with large margins.

8. EMC Compliance Recommendations

8.1 Recommendations for 868 MHz ETSI EN 300-220-1 compliance

As it was shown in the previous chapter the BRD4254A Flex Gecko Radio Board is compliant with the emission limits of the ETSI EN 300-220-1 regulation with 10 dBm output power. Although the BRD4254A Radio Board has an option for mounting shielding can, that is not required for the compliance.

8.2 Recommendations for 2.4 GHz ETSI EN 300-328 compliance

As it was shown in the previous chapter the radiated power of the fundamental of the BRD4254A Flex Gecko Radio Board complies with the 20 dBm limit of the ETSI EN 300-328 with 10 dBm output power. The harmonic emissions are under the -30 dBm limit with large margin. Although the BRD4254A Radio Board has an option for mounting a shielding can, that is not required for the compliance.

8.3 Recommendations for 2.4 GHz FCC 15.247 compliance

As it was shown in the previous chapter the radiated power of the fundamental of the BRD4254A Flex Gecko Radio Board complies with the 30 dBm limit of the FCC 15.247 with 10 dBm output power. The harmonic emissions are under the -37.6 dBm applied limit with margin. Although the BRD4254A Radio Board has an option for mounting a shielding can, that is not required for the compliance.

9. Document Revision History

Table 9.1. Document Revision History

Revision Number	Effective Date	Change Description
1.00	28.2.2017	Initial release.

10. Board Revision History

Table 10.1. BRD4254A Radio Board Revisions

Radio Board Revision	Description
A02	Fixing EFR32 pin names; Updated PCB revision.
A01	Updated EFR32 chip revision and 32 kHz crystal part number.
A00	Initial version.

11. Errata

There are no known errata at present.

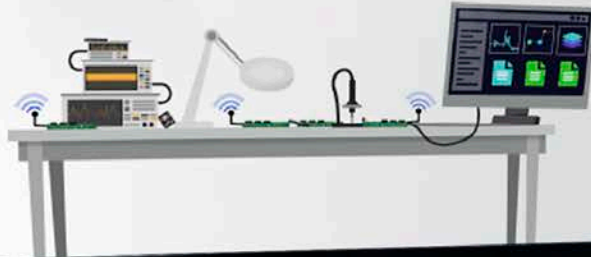
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