



钜地半导体
Tudi Semiconductor

Product Specification

TUDI-SN65ALS176

差分总线收发器

网址 www.sztdbdt.com Q

用芯智造 · 卓越品质

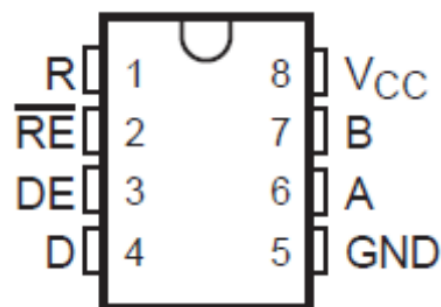
**semiconductor device
manufacturer**

- Design
- research and development
- production
- and sales



特性

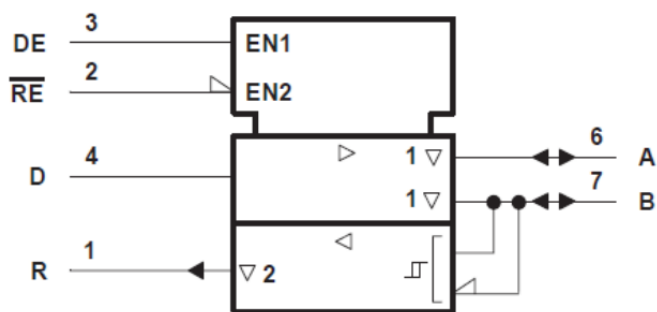
- 符合或超出 TIA/EIA-422-B、TIA/EIA-485-A 的要求 1 以及 ITU 建议 V.11 和 X.27
- 在高达 35Mbaud 的数据速率下运行
- 提供四个偏差限制：
 - SN65ALS176：15ns
 - SN75ALS176：10ns
 - SN75ALS176A：7.5ns
 - SN75ALS176B：5ns
- 适用于嘈杂环境中长距离总线线路上的多点传输
- 低电源电流要求：30mA（最大值）
- 宽正负输入/输出总线电压范围
- 热关断保护
- 驱动器正负电流限制
- 接收器输入迟滞
- 无干扰上电和断电保护
- 接收器开路失效防护设计



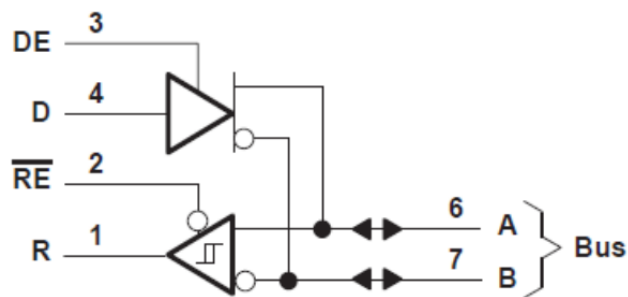
D or P Package (Top View)

说明

SN65ALS176 和 SN75ALS176 系列差分总线收发器旨在实现多点总线传输线路上的双向数据通信。这些器件专为平衡传输线路而设计，符合 TIA/EIA-422-B、TIA/EIA-485-A 和 ITU 建议 V.11 和 X.27。SN65ALS176 和 SN75ALS176 系列整合了一个三态差分线路驱动器和一个差分输入线路接收器，两者均采用 5V 单电源供电。驱动器和接收器分别具有高电平有效和低电平有效使能端，它们可以在外部连接在一起以用作方向控制。驱动器差分输出端和接收器差分输入端在内部连接以形成差分输入/输出 (I/O) 总线端口，这些端口用于在禁用驱动器或 $V_{CC} = 0$ 时为总线提供最小负载。该端口具有较宽的正负共模电压范围，使得该器件适用于合用线应用。SN65ALS176 的额定工作温度范围为 -40°C 至 85°C 。SN75ALS176 系列的额定工作温度范围为 0°C 至 70°C 。



A. 此符号符合 ANSI/IEEE 标准 91-1984 和 IEC 出版物 617-12。
逻辑符号



逻辑图 (正逻辑)

表 4-1. Pin Functions

NO	Name	Type	Description
1	R	O	Receive data output
2	$\overline{RE}$	I	Receiver enable, active low
3	DE	i	Driver enable, active high
4	D	I	Driver data input
5	GND	GND	Local device ground
6	A	I/O	Driver output or receiver input (complementary to B)
7	B	I/O	Driver output or receiver input (complementary to A)
8	V_{CC}	SUPPLY	4.75-V to 5.25-V supply



5 Specifications

5.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)⁽¹⁾

		MIN	MAX	UNIT
V _{CC}	Supply voltage ⁽²⁾		7	V
	Voltage range at any bus terminal	-7	12	V
V _I	Enable input voltage		5.5	V
	Lead temperature 1,6 mm (1/16 inch) from case for 10 seconds		260	°C
T _{stg}	Storage temperature range	-65	150	°C

(1) Stresses beyond those listed under “absolute maximum ratings” may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under “recommended operating conditions” is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

(2) All voltage values, except differential I/O bus voltage, are with respect to network ground terminal.

5.2 建议运行条件

(除非另有说明)

			最小值	标称值	最大值	单位
V _{CC}	电源电压		4.75	5	5.25	V
V _I 或 V _{IC}	任何总线端子上的输入电压 (独立或共模)				12 -7	V
V _{IH}	高电平输入电压	D、DE 和 RE	2			V
V _{IL}	低电平输入电压	D、DE 和 RE			0.8	V
V _{ID}	差动输入电压 ⁽¹⁾				±12	V
I _{OH}	高电平输出电流	驱动器			-60	mA
		接收器			-400	μA
I _{OL}	低电平输出电流	驱动器			60	mA
		接收器			8	
T _A	自然通风工作温度范围	SN65ALS176	-40		85	°C
		SN75ALS176 系列	0		70	

(1) 差分输入/输出总线电压在同相端子 A 和反相端子 B 之间测得。

5.3 Thermal Information

		P (PDIP)	D (SOIC) SN65 Devices	D (SOIC) SN75 Devices	UNIT
THERMAL METRIC ⁽¹⁾		8-Pins	8-Pins	8-Pin	
R _{θJA}	Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance	65.7	116.7	110	°C/W
R _{θJC(top)}	Junction-to-case thermal resistance	54.7	56.3	44.1	°C/W
R _{θJB}	Junction-to-board thermal resistance	42.1	63.4	53.5	°C/W
Ψ _{JT}	Junction-to-top characterization parameter	23	8.8	4.8	°C/W
Ψ _{JB}	Junction-to-board characterization parameter	41.7	62.6	52.7	°C/W
R _{θJC(bot)}	Junction-to-case (bottom) thermal resistance	N/A	N/A	N/A	°C/W

(1) For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the [Semiconductor and IC package thermal metrics](#) application report.



5.4 Electrical Characteristics - Driver

over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS ⁽¹⁾	MIN	TYP ⁽²⁾	MAX	UNIT
V_{IK}	Input clamp voltage	$I_I = -18 \text{ mA}$		-1.5	V
V_O	Output voltage	$I_O = 0$		0	V
$ V_{OD1} $	Differential output voltage	$I_O = 0$		1.5	V
$ V_{OD2} $	Differential output voltage	$R_L = 100 \Omega$	See 图 6-1	$\frac{1}{2} V_{OD1}$ or 2 ⁽³⁾	V
		$R_L = 54 \Omega$	See 图 6-1	1.5	V
V_{OD3}	Differential output voltage	$V_{test} = -7 \text{ V to } 12 \text{ V}$	See 图 6-2	1.5	V
$\Delta V_{OD} $	Change in magnitude of differential output voltage ⁽⁴⁾	$R_L = 54 \Omega$ or 100Ω	See 图 6-1	± 0.2	V
V_{OC}	Common-mode output voltage	$R_L = 54 \Omega$ or 100Ω	See 图 6-1	3 -1	V
$\Delta V_{OC} $	Change in magnitude of common-mode output voltage ⁽⁴⁾	$R_L = 54 \Omega$ or 100Ω	See 图 6-1	± 0.2	V
I_O	Output current	Outputs disabled ⁽⁶⁾	$V_O = 12 \text{ V}$	1	mA
			$V_O = -7 \text{ V}$	-0.8	
I_{IH}	High-level input current	$V_I = 2.4 \text{ V}$		20	μA
I_{IL}	Low-level input current	$V_I = 0.4 \text{ V}$		-400	μA
I_{OS}	Short-circuit output current ⁽⁵⁾	$V_O = -4 \text{ V}$	SN65ALS176	-250	mA
		$V_O = -6 \text{ V}$	SN75ALS176	-250	
		$V_O = 0$		-150	
		$V_O = V_{CC}$		250	
		$V_O = 8 \text{ V}$		250	
I_{CC}	Supply current	No load	Outputs enabled	23	mA
			Outputs disabled	19	

- (1) The power-off measurement in TIA/EIA-422-B applies to disabled outputs only and is not applied to combined inputs and outputs.
(2) All typical values are at $V_{CC} = 5 \text{ V}$ and $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$.
(3) The minimum V_{OD2} with a $100\text{-}\Omega$ load is either $\frac{1}{2} V_{OD1}$ or 2 V , whichever is greater.
(4) $\Delta|V_{OD}|$ and $\Delta|V_{OC}|$ are the changes in magnitude of V_{OD} and V_{OC} , respectively, that occur when the input is changed from one logic state to the other.
(5) Duration of the short circuit should not exceed one second for this test.
(6) This applies for power on and power off. Refer to TIA/EIA-485-A for exact conditions. The TIA/EIA-422-B limit does not apply for a combined driver and receiver terminal.

5.5 Switching Characteristics - Driver

SN65ALS176

over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP ⁽¹⁾	MAX	UNIT
$t_{d(OD)}$	Differential output delay time	$R_L = 54 \Omega$	$C_L = 50 \text{ pF}$, See 图 6-3	15	ns
$t_{sk(p)}$	Pulse skew ⁽²⁾	$R_L = 54 \Omega$	$C_L = 50 \text{ pF}$, See 图 6-3	0	ns
$t_{sk(lim)}$	Pulse skew ⁽³⁾	$R_L = 54 \Omega$	$C_L = 50 \text{ pF}$, See 图 6-3	15	ns
$t_{t(OD)}$	Differential output transition time	$R_L = 54 \Omega$	$C_L = 50 \text{ pF}$, See 图 6-3	8	ns
t_{PZH}	Output enable time to high level	$R_L = 110 \Omega$	$C_L = 50 \text{ pF}$, See 图 6-4	80	ns
t_{PZL}	Output enable time to low level	$R_L = 110 \Omega$	$C_L = 50 \text{ pF}$, See 图 6-5	30	ns
t_{PHZ}	Output disable time from high level	$R_L = 110 \Omega$	$C_L = 50 \text{ pF}$, See 图 6-4	50	ns
t_{PLZ}	Output disable time from low level	$R_L = 110 \Omega$	$C_L = 50 \text{ pF}$, See 图 6-5	30	ns

- (1) All typical values are at $V_{CC} = 5 \text{ V}$, $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$.



- (2) Pulse skew is defined as the $|t_{PLH} - t_{PHL}|$ of each channel of the same device.
(3) Skew limit is the maximum difference in propagation delay times between any two channels of any two devices.

5.6 Switching Characteristics - Driver

SN75ALS176, SN75ALS176A, SN75ALS176B

over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER			TEST CONDITIONS			MIN	TYP ⁽¹⁾	MAX	UNIT
$t_{d(OD)}$	Differential output delay time	'ALS176	$R_L = 54 \Omega$	$C_L = 50 \text{ pF}$	See 图 6-3	3	8	13	ns
		'ALS176A				4	7	11.5	
		'ALS176B				5	8	10	
$t_{sk(p)}$	Pulse skew ⁽²⁾		$R_L = 54 \Omega$	$C_L = 50 \text{ pF}$	See 图 6-3		0	2	ns
$t_{sk(lim)}$	Pulse skew ⁽³⁾	'ALS176	$R_L = 54 \Omega$	$C_L = 50 \text{ pF}$	See 图 6-3			10	ns
		'ALS176A						7.5	
		'ALS176B						5	
$t_{l(OD)}$	Differential output transition time		$R_L = 54 \Omega$	$C_L = 50 \text{ pF}$	See 图 6-3		8		ns
t_{PZH}	Output enable time to high level		$R_L = 110 \Omega$	$C_L = 50 \text{ pF}$	See 图 6-4		23	50	ns
t_{PZL}	Output enable time to low level		$R_L = 110 \Omega$	$C_L = 50 \text{ pF}$	See 图 6-5		14	20	ns
t_{PHZ}	Output disable time from high level		$R_L = 110 \Omega$	$C_L = 50 \text{ pF}$	See 图 6-4		20	35	ns
t_{PLZ}	Output disable time from low level		$R_L = 110 \Omega$	$C_L = 50 \text{ pF}$	See 图 6-5		8	17	ns

- (1) All typical values are at $V_{CC} = 5 \text{ V}$, $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$.
(2) Pulse skew is defined as the $|t_{PLH} - t_{PHL}|$ of each channel of the same device.
(3) Skew limit is the maximum difference in propagation delay times between any two channels of any two devices.

5.7 Symbol Equivalents

DATA-SHEET PARAMETER	TIA/EIA-422-B	TIA/EIA-485-A
V_O	V_{oa}, V_{ob}	V_{oa}, V_{ob}
$ V_{OD1} $	V_o	V_o
$ V_{OD2} $	$V_t(R_L = 100 \Omega)$	$V_t(R_L = 54 \Omega)$
$ V_{OD3} $	None	V_t (test termination measurement 2)
$\Delta V_{OD} $	$ V_t - V_{t1} $	$ V_t - V_{t1} $
V_{OC}	$ V_{os} $	$ V_{os} $
$\Delta V_{OC} $	$ V_{os} - V_{os} $	$ V_{os} - V_{os} $
I_{OS}	$ I_{sa} , I_{sb} $	None
I_O	$ I_{xa} , I_{xb} $	I_{ia}, I_{ib}



5.8 Electrical Characteristics - Receiver

over recommended ranges of common-mode input voltage, supply voltage, and operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP ⁽¹⁾	MAX	UNIT
V _{IT+}	Positive-going input threshold voltage	V _O = 2.7 V,	I _O = -0.4 mA			0.2	V
V _{IT-}	Negative-going input threshold voltage	V _O = 0.5 V,	I _O = 8 mA	-0.2 ⁽²⁾			V
V _{hys}	Hysteresis voltage (V _{IT+} - V _{IT-})				60		mV
V _{IK}	Enable-input clamp voltage	I _I = -18 mA				-1.5	V
V _{OH}	High-level output voltage	V _{ID} = 200 mV, See 图 6-6	I _{OH} = -400 mA,	2.7			V
V _{OL}	Low-level output voltage	V _{ID} = -200 mV, See Figure 6	I _{OL} = 8 mA,			0.45	V
I _{OZ}	High-impedance-state output current	V _O = 0.4 V to 2.4 V				±20	μA
V _I	Line input current	Other input = 0 V ⁽³⁾	V _I = 12 V			1	mA
			V _I = -7 V			-0.8	
I _{IH}	High-level-enable input current	V _{IH} = 2.7 V				20	μA
I _{IL}	Low-level-enable input current	V _{IL} = 0.4 V				-100	μA
r _I	Input resistance			12	20		kΩ
I _{OS}	Short-circuit output current	V _{ID} = 200 mV,	V _O = 0	-15		-85	mA
I _{CC}	Supply current	No load	Outputs enabled		23	30	mA
			Outputs disabled		19	26	

(1) All typical values are at V_{CC} = 5 V, T_A = 25°C.

(2) The algebraic convention, in which the less positive (more negative) limit is designated minimum, is used in this data sheet for common-mode input voltage and threshold voltage levels only.

(3) This applies for power on and power off. Refer to TIA/EIA-485-A for exact conditions.

5.9 Switching Characteristics - Receiver

SN65ALS176

over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP ⁽¹⁾	MAX	UNIT
t _{pd}	Propagation time	V _{ID} = -1.5 V to 1.5 V, See 图 6-7	C _L = 15 pF,			25	ns
t _{sk(p)}	Pulse skew ⁽²⁾	V _{ID} = -1.5 V to 1.5 V, See 图 6-7	C _L = 15 pF,		0	2	ns
t _{sk(lim)}	Pulse skew ⁽³⁾	R _L = 54 Ω See 图 6-3	C _L = 50 pF,			15	ns
t _{PZH}	Output enable time to high level	C _L = 15 pF,	See 图 6-8		11	18	ns
t _{PZL}	Output enable time to low level	C _L = 15 pF,	See 图 6-8		11	18	ns
t _{PHZ}	Output disable time from high level	C _L = 15 pF,	See 图 6-8			50	ns
t _{PLZ}	Output disable time from low level	C _L = 15 pF,	See 图 6-8			30	ns

(1) All typical values are at V_{CC} = 5 V, T_A = 25°C.

(2) Pulse skew is defined as the |t_{PLH} - t_{PHL}| of each channel of the same device.

(3) Skew limit is the maximum difference in propagation delay times between any two channels of any two devices.



5.10 Switching Characteristics - Receiver

SN75ALS176, SN75ALS176A, SN75ALS176B

over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER			TEST CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP ⁽¹⁾	MAX	UNIT
t_{pd}	Propagation time	'ALS176	$V_{ID} = -1.5 \text{ V to } 1.5 \text{ V}$, See 图 6-7	$C_L = 15 \text{ pF}$,	9	14	19	ns
		'ALS176A			10.5	14	18	
		'ALS176B			11.5	13	16.5	
$t_{sk(p)}$	Pulse skew ⁽²⁾		$V_{ID} = -1.5 \text{ V to } 1.5 \text{ V}$, See 图 6-7	$C_L = 15 \text{ pF}$,		0	2	ns
$t_{sk(lim)}$	Pulse skew ⁽³⁾	'ALS176	$R_L = 54 \Omega$ See 图 6-3	$C_L = 50 \text{ pF}$,			10	ns
		'ALS176A					7.5	
		'ALS176B					5	
t_{PZH}	Output enable time to high level		$C_L = 15 \text{ pF}$,	See 图 6-8		7	14	ns
t_{PZL}	Output enable time to low level		$C_L = 15 \text{ pF}$,	See 图 6-8		20	35	ns
t_{PHZ}	Output disable time from high level		$C_L = 15 \text{ pF}$,	See 图 6-8		20	35	ns
t_{PLZ}	Output disable time from low level		$C_L = 15 \text{ pF}$,	See 图 6-8		8	17	ns

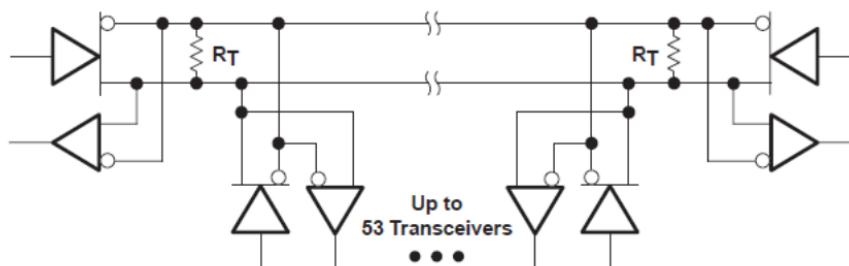
(1) All typical values are at $V_{CC} = 5 \text{ V}$, $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$.

(2) Pulse skew is defined as the $|t_{PLH} - t_{PHL}|$ of each channel of the same device.

(3) Skew limit is the maximum difference in propagation delay times between any two channels of any two devices.

8.1 Application Information

8.2 Typical Application



A. The line should terminate at both ends in its characteristic impedance ($R_T = Z_0$). Stub lengths off the main line should be kept as short as possible.

图 8-1. Typical Application Circuit



6 Parameter Measurement Information

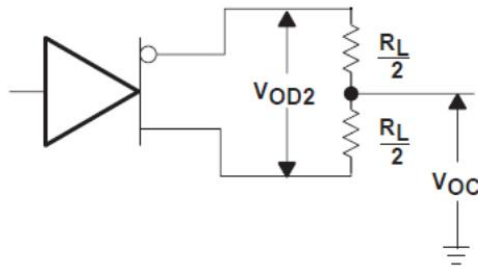


图 6-1. Driver V_{OD2} and V_{OC}

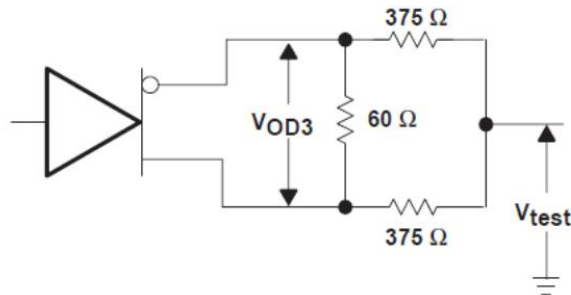
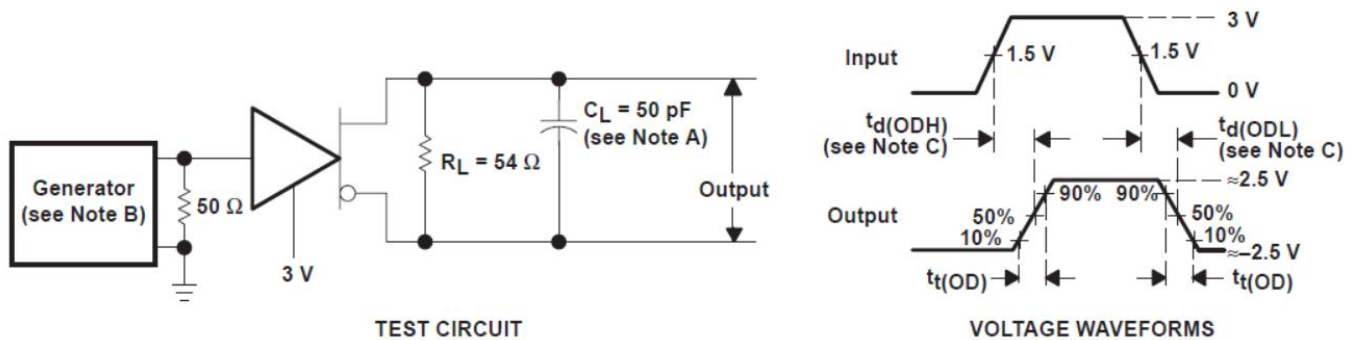
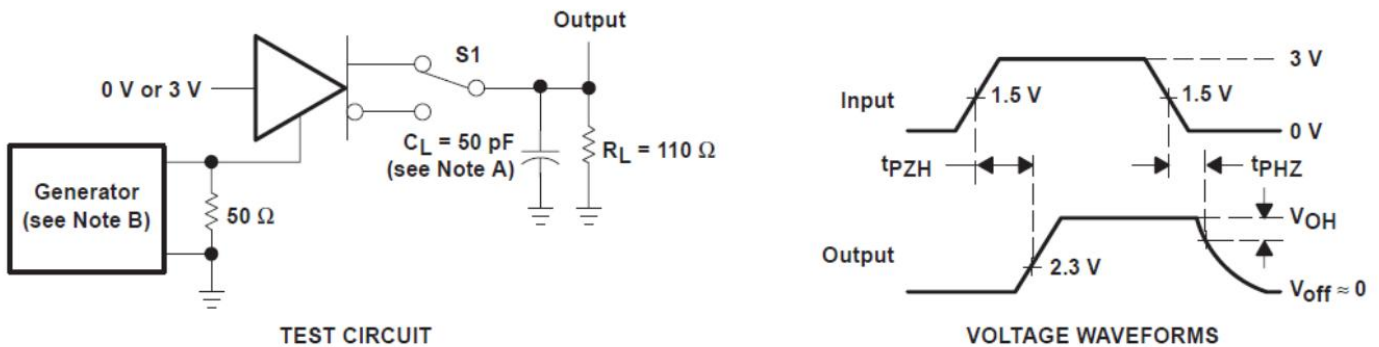


图 6-2. Driver V_{OD3}



- A. C_L includes probe and jig capacitance.
- B. The input pulse is supplied by a generator having the following characteristics: $PRR \leq 1$ MHz, 50% duty cycle, $t_r \leq 6$ ns, $t_f \leq 6$ ns, $Z_O = 50 \Omega$.

图 6-3. Driver Test Circuit and Voltage Waveforms



- A. C_L includes probe and jig capacitance.



- B. The input pulse is supplied by a generator having the following characteristics: $PRR \leq 1 \text{ MHz}$, 50% duty cycle, $t_r \leq 6 \text{ ns}$, $t_f \leq 6 \text{ ns}$, $Z_O = 50 \Omega$.

图 6-4. Driver Test Circuit and Voltage Waveforms

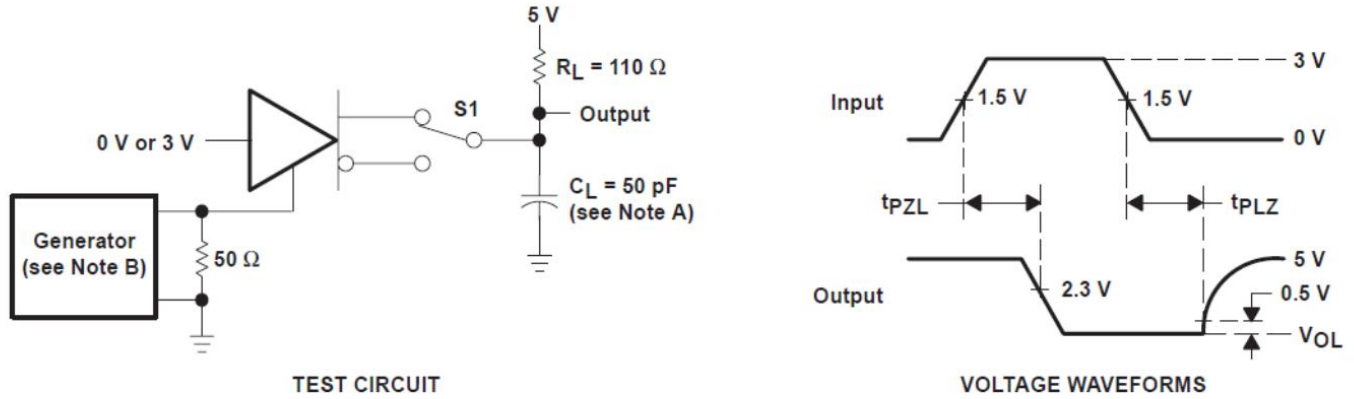


图 6-5. Driver Test Circuit and Voltage Waveforms

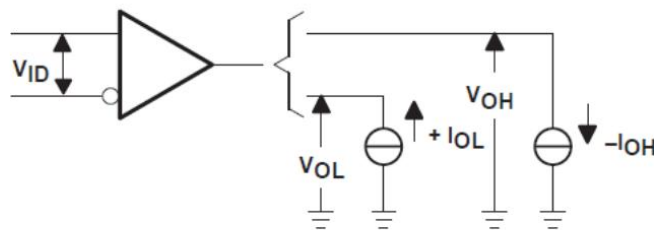
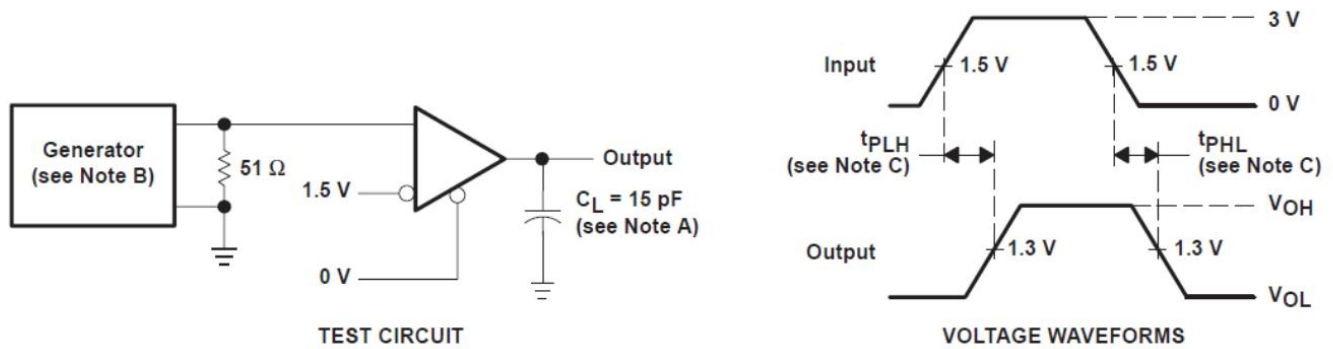
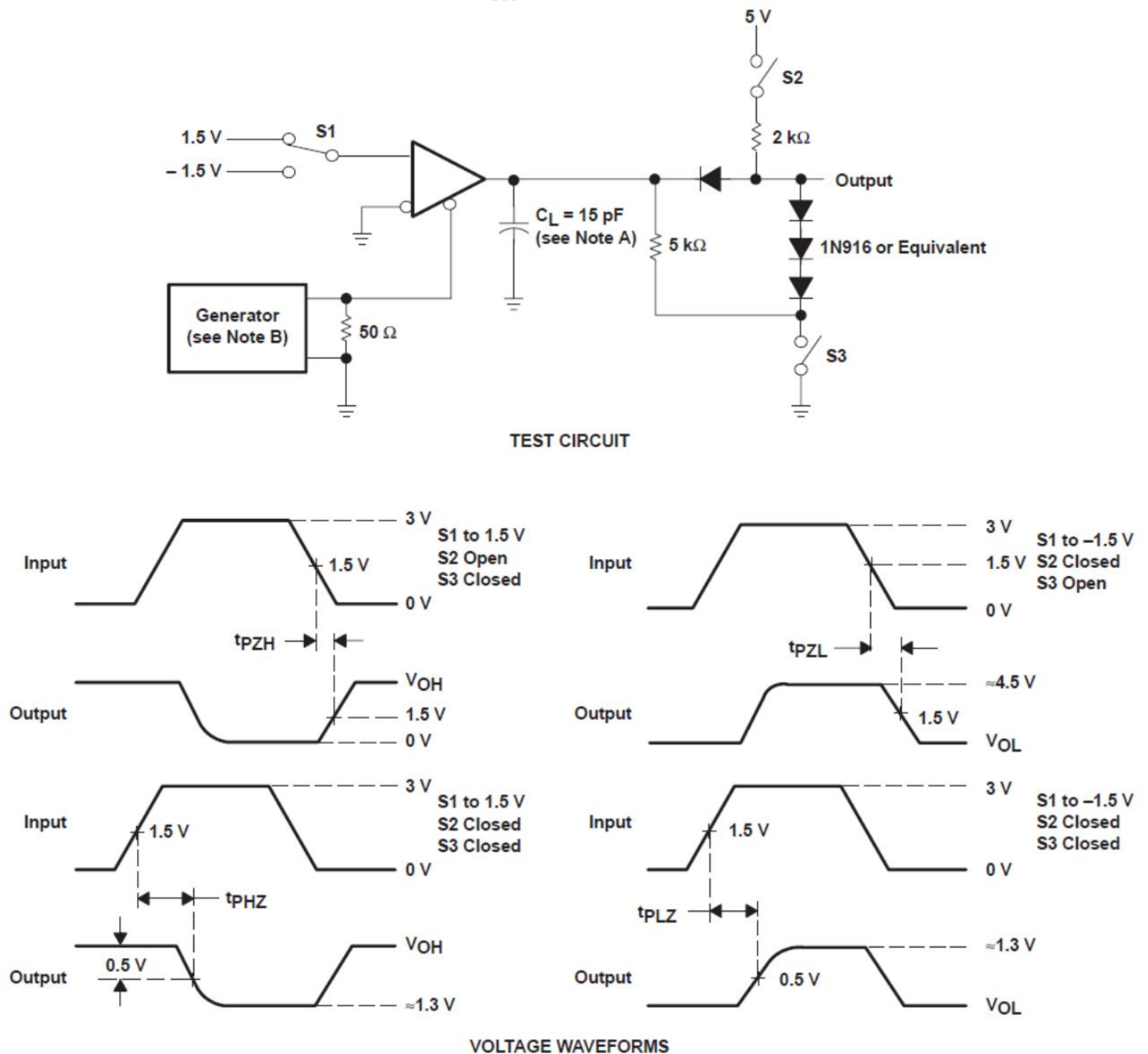


图 6-6. Receiver V_{OH} and V_{OL} Test Circuit



- A. C_L includes probe and jig capacitance.
- B. The input pulse is supplied by a generator having the following characteristics: $PRR \leq 1 \text{ MHz}$, 50% duty cycle, $t_r \leq 6 \text{ ns}$, $t_f \leq 6 \text{ ns}$, $Z_O = 50 \Omega$.
- C. $t_{pd} = t_{PLH}$ or t_{PHL} .

图 6-7. Receiver Test Circuit and Voltage Waveforms



- A. C_L includes probe and jig capacitance.
- B. The input pulse is supplied by a generator having the following characteristics: $PRR \leq 1$ MHz, 50% duty cycle, $t_r \leq 6$ ns, $t_f \leq 6$ ns, $Z_O = 50 \Omega$.

图 6-8. Receiver Test Circuit and Voltage Waveforms



7 Detailed Description

7.1 Functional Block Diagram

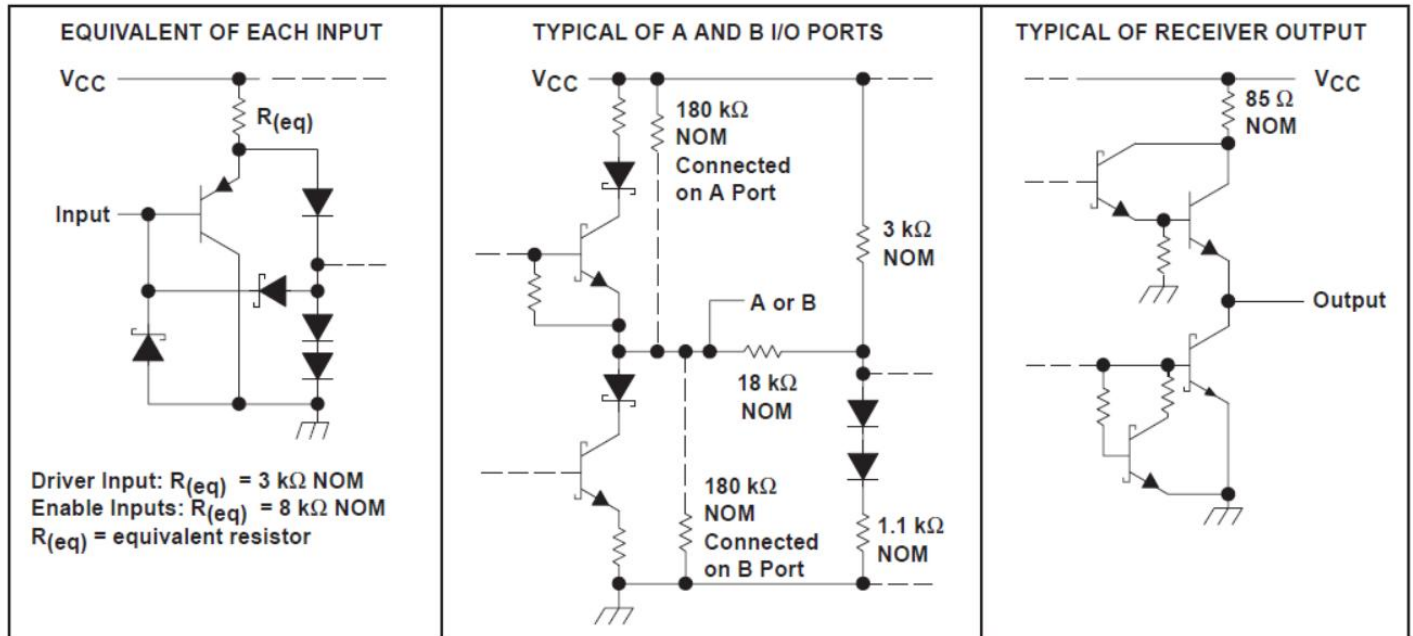


图 7-1. Schematic of Inputs and Outputs

7.2 Device Functional Modes

Function Tables

表 7-1. Driver⁽¹⁾

INPUT D	ENABLE DE	OUTPUTS	
		A	B
H	H	H	L
L	H	L	H
X	L	Z	Z

(1) H = high level, L = low level, X = irrelevant, Z = high impedance

表 7-2. Receiver⁽¹⁾

DIFFERENTIAL INPUTS A-B	ENABLE RE	OUTPUT R
$V_{ID} \geq 0.2\text{ V}$	L	H
$-0.2\text{ V} < V_{ID} < 0.2\text{ V}$	L	?
$V_{ID} \leq -0.2\text{ V}$	L	L
X	H	Z
Inputs open	L	H

(1) H = high level, L = low level, X = irrelevant, Z = high impedance

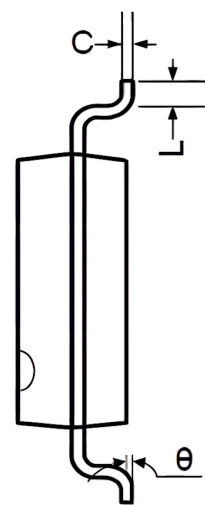
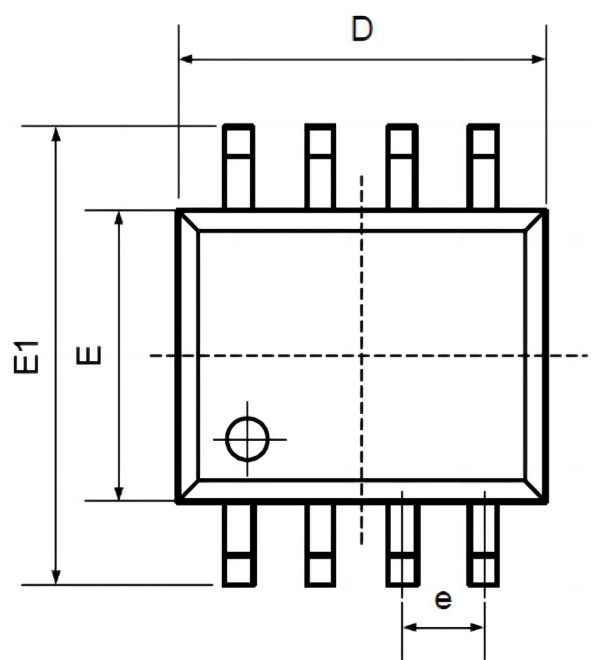


Order information

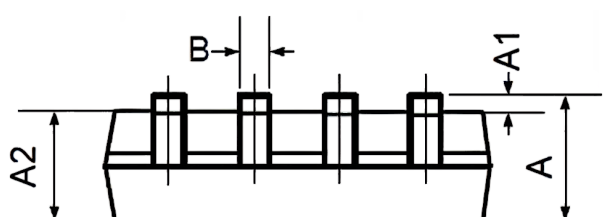
Order Number	Package	Package Quantity	Marking On The park
SN65ALS176ADR-TUDI	SOP8	Tape,Reel,2500	SN65ALS176ADR
SN65ALS176DR-TUDI	SOP8	Tape,Reel,2500	SN65ALS176DR



Package SOP8



Symbol	Dimensions In Millimeters		Dimensions In Inches	
	Min	Max	Min	Max
A	1.350	1.750	0.053	0.069
A1	0.100	0.250	0.004	0.010
A2	1.350	1.550	0.053	0.061
B	0.330	0.510	0.013	0.020
C	0.190	0.250	0.007	0.010
D	4.780	5.000	0.188	0.197
E	3.800	4.000	0.150	0.157
E1	5.800	6.300	0.228	0.248
e	1.270TYP		0.050TYP	
L	0.400	1.270	0.016	0.050
θ	0°	8°	0°	8°





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